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NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM. 102 RIVERS, C-5 DAM (MO 10996), MI--ETC(U)
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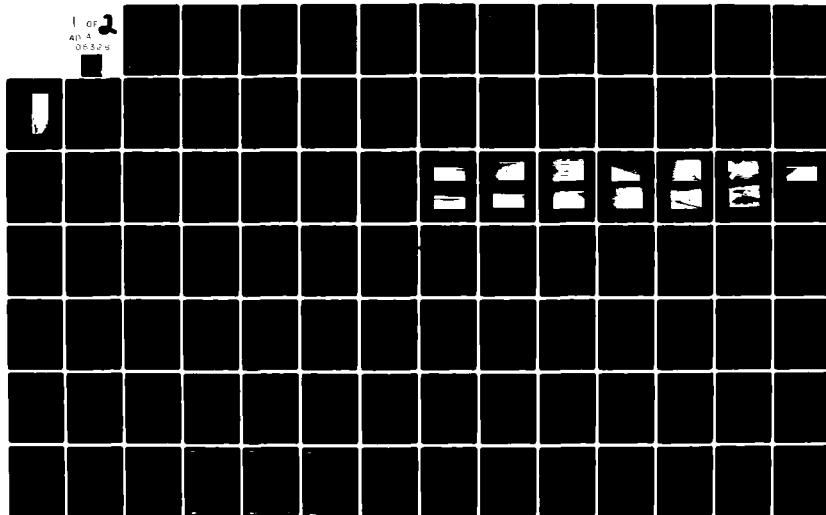
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MISSOURI-NEMAHA-NODAWAY BASIN

102 RIVERS, C-5 DAM
NODAWAY COUNTY, MISSOURI
MO. 10996

AD A 105326

PHASE 1 INSPECTION REPORT NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM



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This report was prepared under the National Program of Inspection of Non-Federal Dams. This report assesses the general condition of the dam with respect to safety, based on available data and on visual inspection, to determine if the dam poses hazards to human life or property.		

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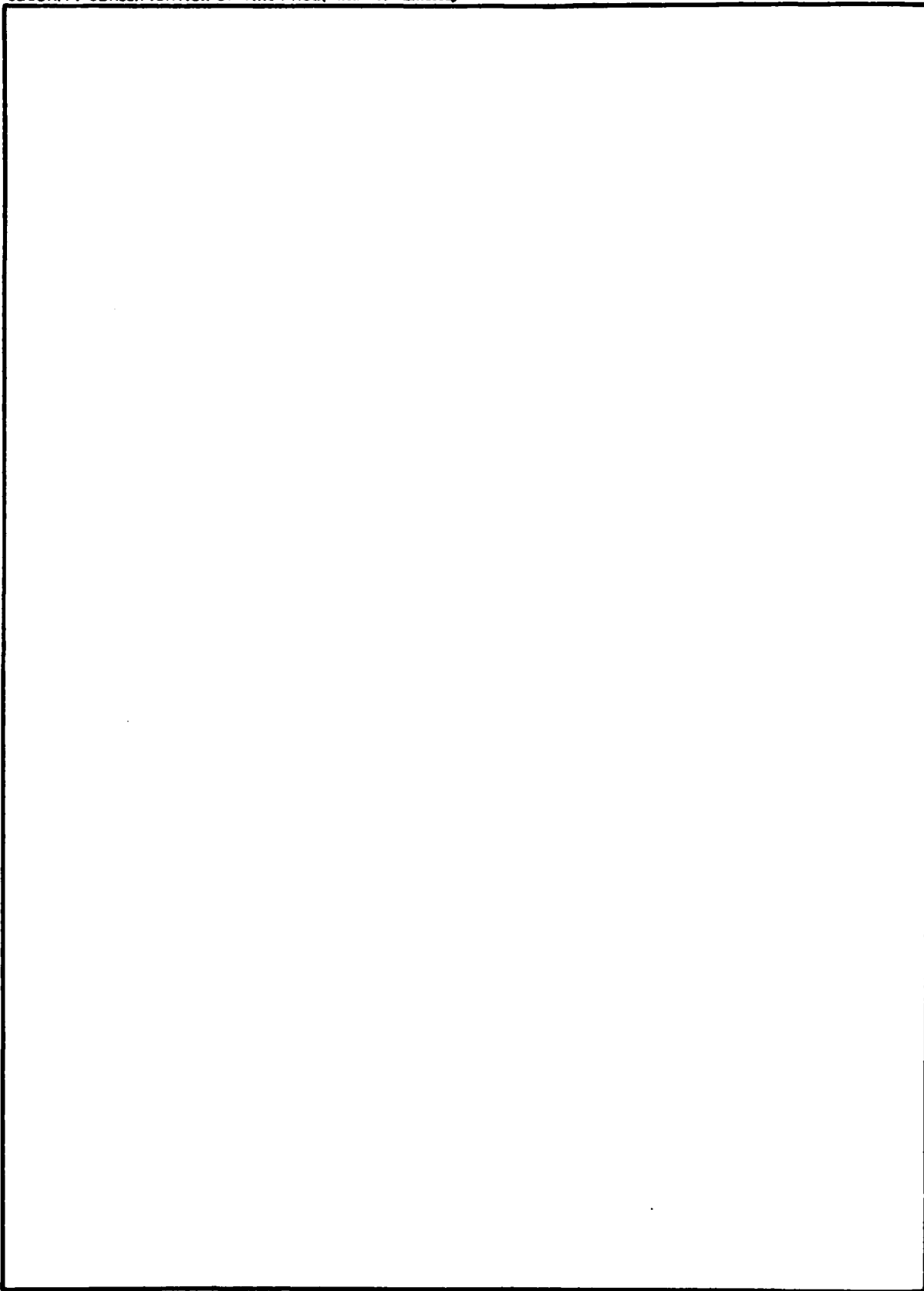
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102 RIVERS, C-5 DAM
NODAWAY COUNTY, MISSOURI
MO. 10996

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM

PREPARED BY
HOSKINS-WESTERN-SONDEREGGER, INC.
CONSULTING ENGINEERS
LINCOLN, NEBRASKA

UNDER DIRECTION OF
ST. LOUIS DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS

FOR
GOVERNOR OF MISSOURI
MAY, 1979

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DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
ST. LOUIS DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
210 NORTH 12TH STREET
ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI 63101

IN REPLY REFER TO

SUBJECT: 102 Rivers, C-5 Dam Phase I Inspection Report

This report presents the results of field inspection and evaluation of the 102 Rivers, C-5 Dam.

It was prepared under the National Program of Inspection of Non-Federal Dams.

This dam has been classified as unsafe, non-emergency by the St. Louis District as a result of the application of the following criteria:

- 1) Spillway will not pass 50 percent of the Probable Maximum Flood.
- 2) Overtopping could result in dam failure.
- 3) Dam failure significantly increases the hazard to loss of life downstream.

SUBMITTED BY

SIGNED

Chief, Engineering Division

24 SEP 1979

Date

APPROVED:

SIGNED

Colonel, CE, District Engineer

24 SEP 1979

Date

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>PARAGRAPH NO.</u>	<u>TITLE</u>	<u>PAGE NO.</u>
	Assessment Summary	
	Overview Photograph	
	SECTION 1 - PROJECT INFORMATION	
1.1	General	1
1.2	Description of Project	1
1.3	Pertinent Data	3
	SECTION 2 - ENGINEERING DATA	
2.1	Design	6
2.2	Construction	6
2.3	Operation	6
2.4	Evaluation	6
	SECTION 3 - VISUAL INSPECTION	
3.1	Findings	8
3.2	Evaluation	10
	SECTION 4 - OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES	
4.1	Procedures	11
4.2	Maintenance of Dam	11
4.3	Maintenance of Operating Facilities	11
4.4	Description of Any Warning System in Effect	11
4.5	Evaluation	11
	SECTION 5 - HYDRAULIC/HYDROLOGIC	
5.1	Evaluation of Features	12
	SECTION 6 - STRUCTURAL STABILITY	
6.1	Evaluation of Structural Stability	14
	SECTION 7 - ASSESSMENT/REMEDIAL MEASURES	
7.1	Dam Assessment	15
7.2	Remedial Measures	15

APPENDIX A - MAPS

Plate A-1	Vicinity Topography
Plate A-2	Location Map

APPENDIX B - PHOTOGRAPHS

Plate B-1	Photo Index	
Plate B-2	Photo No. 2	Dam from Left Abutment
	Photo No. 3	Looking Downstream in Emergency Spillway
Plate B-3	Photo No. 4	Looking Upstream in Emergency Spillway
	Photo No. 5	Upstream Slope, Berm and Spillway Riser
Plate B-4	Photo No. 6	Ports in Right Side of Riser
	Photo No. 7	Upstream Slope and Berm
Plate B-5	Photo No. 8	Downstream Slope from Right Side
	Photo No. 9	Seep Opposite Sta. 8+40 at Toe
Plate B-6	Photo No. 10	Seep Area Taken from Right Side of Stilling Basin
	Photo No. 11	Outlet End of Principal Spillway
Plate B-7	Photo No. 12	Seep on Left Side of Stilling Basin
	Photo No. 13	Downstream from C of Dam
Plate B-8	Photo No. 14	Upstream From C of Dam

APPENDIX C - PROJECT PLATES

Plate C-1	Reservoir Plan - As Built
Plate C-2	Plan of Embankment and Spillways - As Built
Plate C-3	Section on Centerline of Principal Spillway - As Built
Plate C-4	Plan of Dam, Emergency Spillway and Borrow Area - As Built
Plate C-5	Profile and Geologic Section - Centerline of Dam & Principal Spillway - As Built
Plate C-6	Profile: Centerline of Emergency Spillway - As Built
Plate C-7	Structure Data - As Built
Plates C-8 to C-31	Soil Testing Report
Plates C-32 to C-36	Geologic Investigation of Dam Site
Plate C-37	Phase I - Section at Sta. 7+00

APPENDIX D - HYDRAULIC AND HYDROLOGIC DATA

Plates D-1 & D-2	Hydrologic Computations
Plate D-3	Principal Spillway Rating Curve
Plate D-4	Emergency Spillway Rating Curve
Plate D-5	Ratio of PMF - Discharge Curve
Plates D-6 to D-18	Computer Input and Output for 1/2 PMF

PHASE I REPORT
NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM
ASSESSMENT SUMMARY

Name of Dam	102 Rivers, C-5 Dam
State Located	Missouri
County Located	Nodaway County
Stream	Canal Branch 102 River
Date of Inspection	May 14, 1979

102 Rivers, C-5 Dam, was inspected by an interdisciplinary team of engineers, ~~from Hoskins-Western-Sunderregger, Inc.~~ The purpose of the inspection was to make an assessment of the general condition of the dam with respect to safety, based upon available data and visual inspection, in order to determine if the dam poses hazards to human life or property.

The guidelines used in the assessment were furnished by the Department of the Army, Office of the Chief of Engineers, and developed with the help of several Federal and State agencies, professional engineering organizations, and private engineers. Based on these guidelines, this dam is classified as a small size dam with a high downstream hazard potential. Failure would threaten life and property. The estimated damage zone extends about one to two miles downstream of the dam. Within the damage zone are State Highway 148 at 0.6 mile downstream, a trailer home at 0.7 mile, two dwellings and a county road crossing at 1.1 miles and two dwellings and a county road crossing at 1.3 miles.

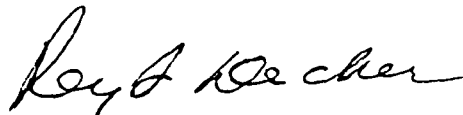
Our inspection and evaluation indicates that the spillway does not meet the criteria set forth in the recommended guidelines for a small dam having a high hazard potential. Considering the downstream hazards involved and the amount of water impounded, 50% of the Probable Maximum Flood is the appropriate spillway design flood. The spillway will pass the 100-year flood (flood having a one percent chance of being exceeded in any year) without overtopping the dam. The spillway will pass 35% of the Probable Maximum Flood without overtopping the dam. The Probable Maximum Flood (PMF) is defined as the flood that may be expected from the most severe combination of critical meteorologic and hydrologic conditions that are reasonably possible in the region.

47

Seepage and stability analyses comparable to the requirements of the "Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams" were not available, which is considered a deficiency. These seepage and stability analyses should be performed for appropriate loading conditions (including earthquake loads) and made a matter of record.

Other than minor seepage in the right abutment trough and along both sides of the principal spillway basin, and some minor erosion of the upstream berm, no other deficiencies were observed.

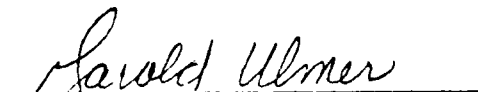
The dam and appurtenances look very good and are well maintained.



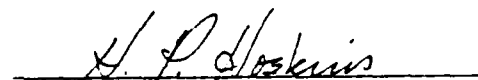
Rey S. Decker
E-3703



Gordon Jamison



Garold Ulmer
E-4777



Harold P. Hoskins
Chairman of Board
Hoskins-Western-Sonderegger, Inc.
E-8696



PHOTO NO. 1 - OVERVIEW, DAM IN CENTER OF PICTURE

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM
102 RIVERS, C-5 DAM - MO 10996
NODAWAY COUNTY, MISSOURI

SECTION 1 - PROJECT INFORMATION

1.1 GENERAL

- a. Authority. The National Dam Inspection Act, Public Law 92-367, authorized the Secretary of the Army, through the Corps of Engineers, to initiate a program of safety inspection of dams throughout the United States. Pursuant to the above, the St. Louis District, Corps of Engineers, District Engineer directed that a safety inspection of 102 Rivers, C-5 Dam be made.
- b. Purpose of Inspection. The purpose of the inspection was to make an assessment of the general condition of the dam with respect to safety, based upon available data and visual inspection, in order to determine if the dam poses hazards to human life or property.
- c. Evaluation Criteria. Criteria used to evaluate the dam were furnished by the Department of the Army, Office of the Chief of Engineers, in "Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams", Appendix D to "Report of the Chief of Engineers on the National Program of Inspection of Dams", dated May, 1975, and published by the Department of the Army, Office of the Chief of Engineers.

1.2 DESCRIPTION OF PROJECT

- a. Description of Dam and Appurtenances.
 - (1) The dam is an earth fill approximately 850 feet in length with maximum height of about 35 feet. Topography adjacent to the dam is gently rolling. Soils on the slopes are derived from fine grained glacial till. Upland soils are derived from loess. From boring logs shown on the plans, the foundation soil appears to be silty clay alluvium underlain by dense clay till.
 - (2) The principal spillway is uncontrolled and consists of a reinforced concrete riser with a 36 inch diameter reinforced concrete pipe conduit outlet.
 - (3) A vegetated earth emergency spillway is cut into glacial till on the left (north) abutment. It has a bottom width of 100 feet and side slopes of 3H on 1V.

(4) A 16-inch reinforced concrete drawdown pipe with stem gate control extends from the principal spillway riser to an inlet structure in the reservoir (invert elevation - 1039.0).

(5) Pertinent physical data are given in paragraph 1.3 below.

- b. Location. The dam is located in the north central part of Nodaway County, Missouri, as shown on Plate A-2. The dam is shown on Plate A-1 in the NW $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 29, T65N, R35W. The lake formed behind the dam is shown in the E $\frac{1}{2}$ of NW $\frac{1}{4}$ of Section 29, T65N, R35W.
- c. Size Classification. Criteria for determining the size classification of dams and impoundments are presented in the guidelines referenced in paragraph 1.1c above. Based on these criteria, this dam and impoundment is in the small size category.
- d. Hazard Classification. Guidelines for determining hazard classification are presented in the same guidelines as referenced in paragraph "c" above. Based on referenced guidelines, this dam is in the High Hazard Classification. The estimated damage zone extends about one to two miles downstream of the dam. Within the damage zone are State Highway 148 at 0.6 mile downstream, a trailer home at 0.7 mile, two dwellings and a county road crossing at 1.1 miles and two dwellings and a county road crossing at 1.3 miles.
- e. Ownership. The dam is owned by the 102 Rivers Tributary Watershed Subdistrict, the Nodaway County Soil and Water Conservation District, P. O. Box 406, Maryville, Missouri 64468.
- f. Purpose of Dam. The purpose of the dam is flood retardation.
- g. Design and Construction History. The dam was constructed in 1975. The design and the plans for construction were prepared by the Soil Conservation Service (SCS), Columbia, Missouri. Portions of these plans are included with this report as Appendix C.
- h. Normal Operating Procedure. There are no controlled outlets for this dam. Information was not available relative to the history of flows (if any) over the emergency spillway, or to the operation of the drawdown facility.

1.3 PERTINENT DATA

- a. Drainage Area. 1398 acres (2.18 square miles).
- b. Discharge at Damsite.
 - (1) All discharges at the damsite are through an uncontrolled reinforced concrete drop inlet pipe principal spillway and a grassed earth channel ungated emergency spillway.
 - (2) Estimated maximum flood - unknown.
 - (3) The principal spillway capacity varies from 0 c.f.s. at elevation 1051.0 feet (orifice elevation) to 43 c.f.s. at elevation 1056.0 feet (riser weir crest) to 167 c.f.s. at elevation 1065.1 feet (settled top of dam).
 - (4) The emergency spillway capacity varies from 0 c.f.s. at its crest elevation 1060.6 feet to 2080 c.f.s. at elevation 1065.1 feet (settled top of dam).
 - (5) Total spillway capacity at the minimum top of dam is 2250 c.f.s.±.
- c. Elevations (feet above M.S.L. From Plans and B.M.C.-5)
 - (1) Top of dam - 1065.1 (settled)*
 - (2) Principal spillway orifice crest - 1051.0*
 - (3) Principal spillway weir crest - 1056.0
 - (4) Emergency spillway crest - 1060.6*
 - (5) Streambed at centerline - 1030
 - (6) Maximum tailwater - 1032.0
 - * Measured in field
- d. Reservoir. Length (feet) of maximum pool - 2,650 feet±.
- e. Storage (Acre-feet).
 - (1) Top of dam - 990±
 - (2) Principal spillway crest - 280±
 - (3) Emergency spillway crest - 470±
- g. Dam.
 - (1) Type - earth fill
 - (2) Length - 850 feet (plans)
 - (3) Height - 35 feet
 - (4) Top width - 18 feet (plans) 20 feet (measured)

- (5) Side Slopes.
 - (a) Downstream - 2.5H on 1V (measured 2.6 to 2.7H on 1V)
 - (b) Upstream - 2.5H on 1V down to berm (measured 2.8H on 1V on exposed slope, 3H on 1V below berm).
 - (6) Zoning - Selective placement of CL-CH glacial till material in center with CL-ML alluvial material from flood pool in outside shells. These data were taken from SCS plans in Appendix C.
 - (7) Impervious core - as above.
 - (8) Cutoff - 4 to 10 feet in depth into glacial clay till.
 - (9) Grout curtain - None
 - (10) Wave protection - Sacrificial berm and vegetation.
 - (11) Internal drainage - none found by inspection team.
- h. Diversion Channel and Regulating Tunnel. None.
- i. Spillway
- (1) Principal
 - (a) Type. Standard SCS reinforced concrete riser with drop inlet and 36 inch reinforced concrete pressure pipe conduit with two open ports on the right (south) side of riser. Ports are 2x1 feet. Plans show 5 antiseep collars on conduit.
 - (b) Crest (invert) elevation - 1056.0 feet, ports at 1051.0 feet (measured).
Outlet - 1032.4 feet (measured).
 - (c) Length - 176 feet.
 - (2) Emergency
 - (a) Type - Vegetated earth cut into glacial clay till.
 - (b) Control section - 100 foot bottom width with 3H on 1V side slopes.
 - (c) Crest elevation - 1060.6 feet (plans).
 - (d) Upstream channel - clear and well grassed with slope of 1%.
 - (e) Downstream channel - clear and well grassed with slope of 5%.

- j. Regulating Outlets. 16 inch diameter reinforced concrete drawdown pipe with 16 inch rising stem gate with invert elevation of 1039 feet (from plans).

SECTION 2 - ENGINEERING DATA

2.1 DESIGN

Data on the geologic investigation, hydraulic/hydrologic computations, construction plans, and the soil mechanics/soil engineering report were supplied by the Soil Conservation Service, Columbia, Missouri. This information is shown in Appendix C.

2.2 CONSTRUCTION

No construction data were readily available; however, it is reported by SCS officials that the dam was constructed with SCS engineering supervision and standard inspection and quality control procedures.

2.3 OPERATION

No information was available on the maximum loading on the dam.

All spillways are uncontrolled.

No information was available on operation of the draw-down system.

2.4 EVALUATION

- a. Availability. The engineering data shown in Appendix C was readily available from the Soil Conservation Service, Columbia, Missouri.
- b. Adequacy. The available data and reported information are adequate for a general assessment of the design and stability of the structure. It should be noted, however, that the soil engineering recommendations called for a trench drain at c/b ratio of 0.6 and consisting of a well graded sand and gravel. No drainage system is shown on the plans nor was it observed in the field. The soil engineering report also recommended a 10 foot downstream berm. Although a drainage system was evidently not constructed for this dam, the plans show that the downstream berm is 18 feet rather than 10 feet wide. (This was verified in the field.) Seepage and stability analyses conforming to the dam, as built, comparable to the "Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams" were not available, which is considered a deficiency.
- c. Seepage and stability analyses. The soil engineering report indicates that the drain and the 10 foot berm were required for adequate safety against shear failure of the downstream slope. The reported stability analyses and design recommendations were based, however, on strength tests for the weakest

embankment material (ML) which was not supposed to be used in the major portion of the dam. Stability analyses for the dam, as constructed, are not available. This is considered a deficiency that should be corrected.

- d. Validity. The available data and analyses conform with accepted practice at that time.

SECTION 3 - VISUAL INSPECTION

3.1 FINDINGS

- a. General. A visual inspection of the 102 Rivers, C-5 Dam was made on May 14, 1979. Engineers from Hoskins-Western-Sonderegger, Inc., Lincoln, Nebraska, making the inspection were: Rey S. Decker, Geotechnical; Gordon Jamison, Hydrology; Garold Ulmer, Civil Engineer.
- b. Dam.
 - (1) Geology and Soils (abutment and embankment). The dam is located in the northern Missouri loess-till area. The abutments consist of a thin mantle of loess underlain by dense glacial clay till (probably Kansan). The till formation is exposed near the water's edge on the right abutment. Plans show that soils in the dam consist of thin outside shell sections of CL-ML alluvial-colluvial materials derived from erosion of the loess-till hills with the principal portion of the dam constructed of CL-CH glacial till. Materials observed on the dam were plastic CL's.
 - (2) Upstream slope. The upstream slope is well vegetated with adapted grasses and legumes. Some minor erosion was noted along the downstream edge of the upstream berm as shown in Appendix B, Photo 5. No cracks, slumps or abnormal deformations were noted on the upstream face.
 - (3) Crest. The crest is well vegetated with adapted grasses and legumes. Measurements along the crest indicate that it is almost uniform in elevation and constructed according to the plans. Field measurements indicate a settling of approximately 1/2 foot at maximum section (approximately Sta. 5+50 - SCS plans). No cracks, sink holes, rodent holes or abnormal deformations were observed. There was no evidence of overtopping.
 - (4) Downstream slope. The downstream slope is well vegetated with brome and other adopted grasses. No cracks, slides or deformations were noted. A small seep area was observed in the right (looking downstream) abutment trough downstream from about Station 8+40 (plans). The seepage was clear and was not flowing. Seepage was also noted along both sides of the principal spillway stilling basin, about 5 to 5.5 feet above the invert elevation

of the outlet pipe. Seepage in the abutment trough and around the stilling basin appears to be outcropping at or near the contact of loess alluvium-colluvium and the underlying glacial till. All seepage effluent was clear and probably amounts to 0.1 gal./minute or less. Small slides and cat-steps in the natural soil banks adjacent to the upstream edge of the principal spillway stilling basin or scour hole would indicate some strength instability in these areas. This instability is probably due to the seepage outcrops and to undercutting of the banks when spillway discharges are high. No drainage outlets were observed.

- (5) Miscellaneous. The apparent nature of materials in the major portion of the dam coupled with the luxuriant grass vegetation would indicate that minor overtopping would cause little damage to this structure.

c. Appurtenant Structures

- (1) The principal spillway. There was no indication of spalling or deterioration of the concrete riser nor settlement and/or sag in the concrete pipe outlet and support structure. The lake level was at the elevation of the ports in the riser at the time of the inspection.
- (2) The emergency spillway. The emergency spillway is well vegetated with adapted grasses. It looked very good with no evidence of erosion, slides, or other problems. A high-water line of debris would indicate that the spillway had never been in use. A fence is located across the spillway downstream from the control section and should not significantly affect its operation.
- (3) Drawdown facilities. The plans show a 16 inch reinforced concrete pipe entering the base of the principal spillway riser. Flow through this system is controlled by a 16 inch rising stem slide gate. This system is designed as a drawdown facility to evacuate the lake. It is not known whether or not the gate is operable.

- d. Reservoir Area. No wave wash, excessive erosion or slides were observed along the shore of the reservoir. Most of the shoreline is cropped with alfalfa and pasture down to the water's edge.

- e. Downstream channel. The channel downstream from the principal spillway is open and traverses as well managed pasture.

3.2 EVALUATION

The dam and appurtenances look very good. The seepage in the right abutment trough and around the stilling basin are apparently outcropping on top of the nearly impervious glacial till. Seepage velocities are very low and the erosional resistance of the materials at and below the seepage outcrops appears to be moderately high which should minimize the danger of piping failures in this area. Instability of the slopes around the stilling basin of the principal spillway should not endanger the structural stability of the dam. Minor overtopping of the dam should not cause extensive damage or endanger the safety of the dam.

SECTION 4 - OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES

4.1 PROCEDURES

There are no controlled outlet works for this dam. The pool level is influenced by rainfall, seepage, evaporation, and the capacity of the uncontrolled spillways. Procedures for operating and drawdown facility are not known.

4.2 MAINTENANCE OF DAM

The dam and appurtenances are well maintained. It is reported by SCS personnel that the owners inspect their dams at regular intervals. The slight erosion along the upper edge of the upstream berm does not appear to be serious and could probably be corrected with new seedings of strawberry clover or other water-loving grasses.

4.3 MAINTENANCE OF OPERATING FACILITIES

No operating facilities exist at this dam except for the 16 inch drawdown facility.

4.4 DESCRIPTION OF ANY WARNING SYSTEM IN EFFECT

There is no warning system in effect for this dam.

4.5 EVALUATION

There does not appear to be any serious potential of failure of this structure. However, seepage and stability analyses should be obtained as a matter of record.

SECTION 5 - HYDRAULIC/HYDROLOGIC

5.1 EVALUATION OF FEATURES

- a. Design Data. Pertinent hydraulic and hydrologic data which were taken from as-built plans furnished by the SCS are tabulated in Appendix D on Hydrologic Computations.
- b. Experience. The drainage area and lake surface area are developed from USGS Maryville Quadrangle and orthophoto sheets. The spillway and dam layout are from as-built plans and surveys made during inspection. There were no major discrepancies discovered as far as the hydraulic structural components of the dam and spillway were concerned.
- c. Visual Observations.
 - (1) Principal and emergency spillways are in good condition.
 - (2) The emergency spillway does not appear to have ever been used.
 - (3) The emergency spillway and exit channel are in the left abutment away from the dam. Spillway releases will not endanger the integrity of the dam.
- d. Overtopping Potential. The spillways are too small to pass the PMF and 1/2 the PMF without overtopping. The existing spillways will pass 35% of the PMF and the 100-year Frequency Flood without overtopping. Due to the nature of the materials in this dam and the excellent vegetative cover, minor overtopping should cause little damage to this dam. The results of the routings through the dam are tabulated in regards to the following conditions.

<u>Frequency</u>	<u>Inflow Discharge c.f.s.</u>	<u>Outflow Discharge c.f.s.</u>	<u>Maximum Pool Elevation</u>	<u>Freeboard Top of Dam Min. Elev. 1065.1</u>	<u>Time Dam Overtopping Hr.</u>
100 Yr.	4100	160	1060.2	+4.9	0
1/2 PMF	7700	6100	1066.2	-1.1	2+
PMF	15400	14300	1067.5	-2.4	5±
0.35 PMF	5400	2200	1065.1	0	0

According to the recommended guidelines from the Department of the Army, Office of the Chief of Engineers, this dam is classified as having a high hazard rating and a small size. Therefore, the 1/2 PMF to PMF is the test for the adequacy of the dam and its spillways.

The estimated damage zone is described in Paragraph 1.2d in this report.

SECTION 6 - STRUCTURAL STABILITY

6.1 EVALUATION OF STRUCTURAL STABILITY

- a. Visual Observation. Nothing was observed by the inspection team that would seriously affect the structural stability of this dam. Hydraulic/Hydrologic analyses presented in Section 5 indicate that the dam would be overtopped for periods of 2 to 5 hours by the 1/2 PMF and PMF storms. The nature of materials in this dam and the excellent vegetative cover indicate that overtopping of 2-5 hours would not endanger the structural stability of the dam.
- b. Design and Construction Data. The engineering data, analyses and plans supplied by the SCS conform to accepted practice. However, the stability analyses for the downstream slope do not apply to the structure as it was designed and constructed (as discussed in Section 2). It is felt that the safety against shear failure is probably adequate for the structure, as built, but an applicable analysis should be performed.

There is no apparent reason to question the adequacy of construction supervision and quality control.

Seepage and stability analyses comparable to the requirements of the "Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams" were not available, which is considered a deficiency. These seepage and stability analyses should be performed for appropriate loading conditions (including earthquake loads) and made a matter of record.

- c. Operation Records. There are no appurtenant structures that require operational functions other than the drawdown facility.
- d. Post Construction Changes. The inspection party is not aware of any post construction changes for this structure.
- e. Seismic Stability. This dam is located in Seismic Zone 1. An earthquake of the magnitude predicted in this area is not expected to cause structural failure of this dam.

SECTION 7 - ASSESSMENT/REMEDIAL MEASURES

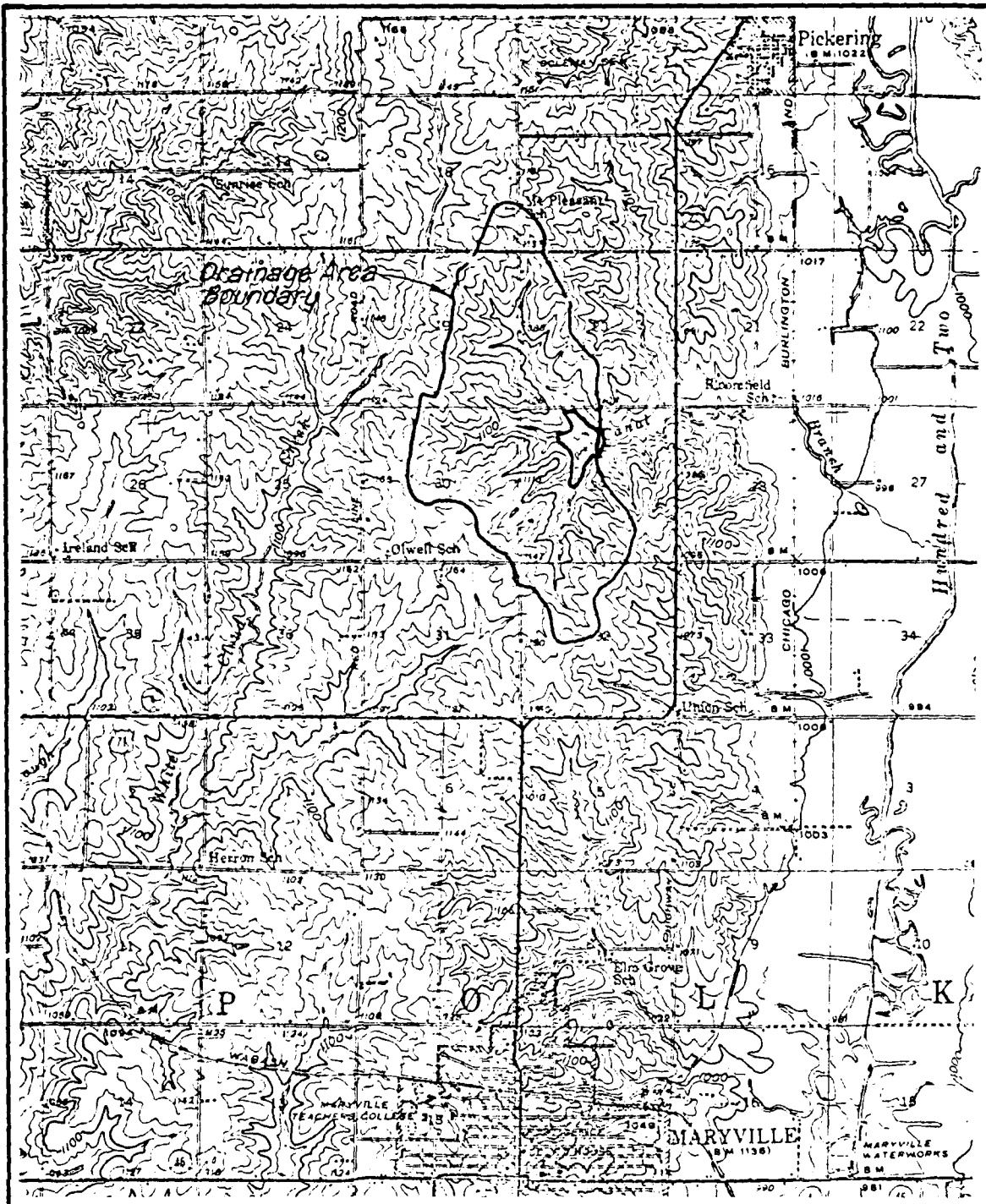
7.1 DAM ASSESSMENT

- a. Safety. There does not appear to be any serious potential of failure of this structure. Other than minor seepage in the right abutment trough and along both sides of the principal spillway basin, and some minor erosion on the upstream berm, no other deficiencies were observed.
- b. Adequacy of Information. Stability analyses conforming to the structure, as built, and comparable to the requirements of the "Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams" are not available, which is considered a deficiency.
- c. Urgency. The item recommended in paragraph 7.2a should be pursued on a high priority basis.
- d. Necessity for Phase II. Phase II investigation is not considered necessary.
- e. Seismic Stability. This dam is located in Seismic Zone 1. An earthquake of this magnitude is not expected to be hazardous to this dam. However, seepage and stability analyses should be performed for earthquake loadings and made a matter of record.

7.2 REMEDIAL MEASURES

- a. Alternatives. Additional analyses should be obtained to evaluate the stability of the downstream slope from the standpoint of strength, seepage pressures and earthquake loadings. The size of emergency spillway and/or height of dam should be increased to pass 50% of PMF. The services of an engineer experienced in the design and construction of dams should be obtained to make these evaluations.
- b. O & M Procedures. Maintenance of the structure is generally very good. Erosion along the downstream edge of the upstream berm should be evaluated on a periodic basis and repaired if it becomes serious.

APPENDIX A
MAPS



Scale in feet
2000 1000 0 2000 4000

Contour Interval 20 Feet



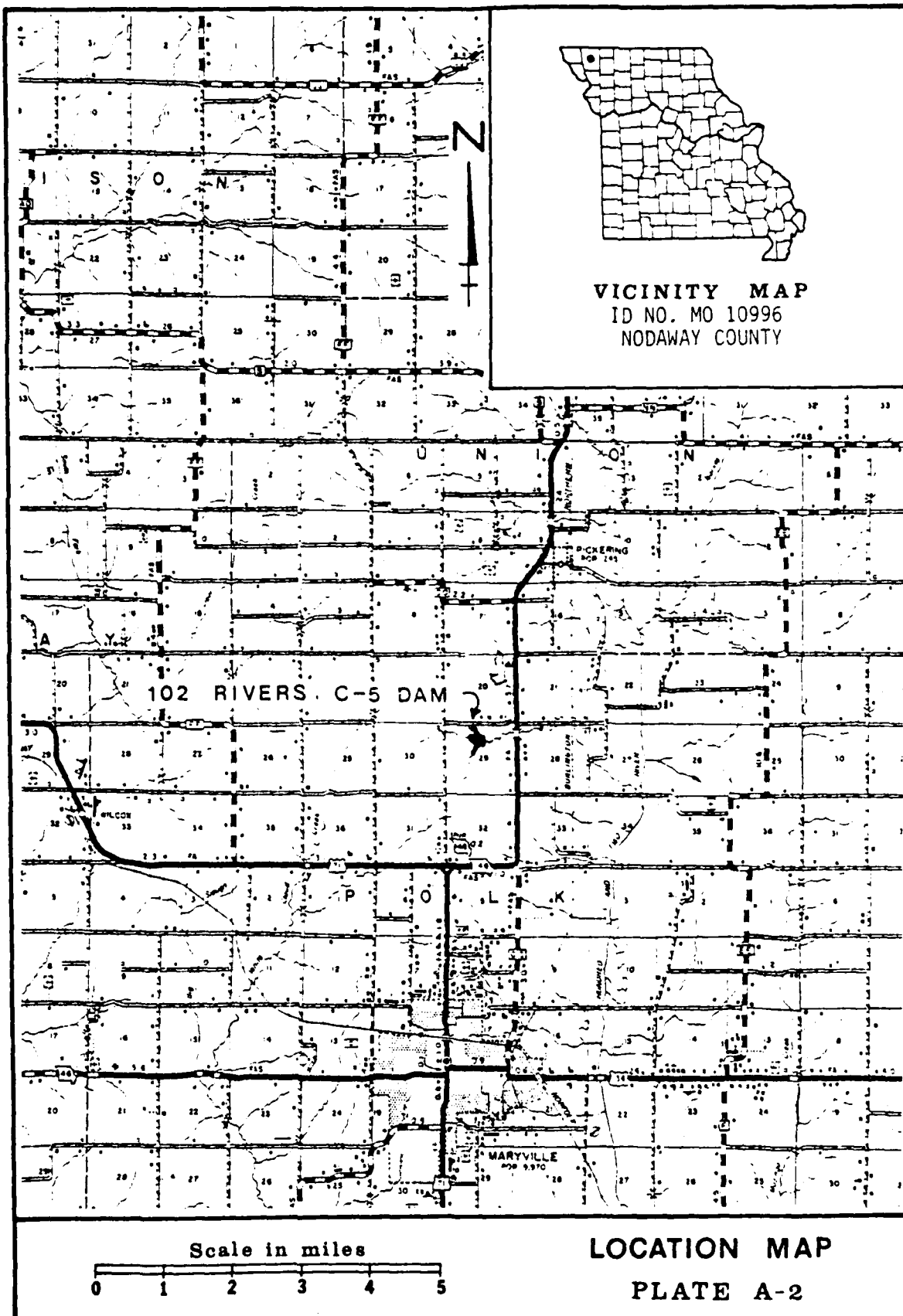
VICINITY TOPOGRAPHY

102 RIVERS, C-5 DAM

NODAWAY COUNTY, MISSOURI

MO. 10996

PLATE A-1



APPENDIX B
PHOTOGRAPHS

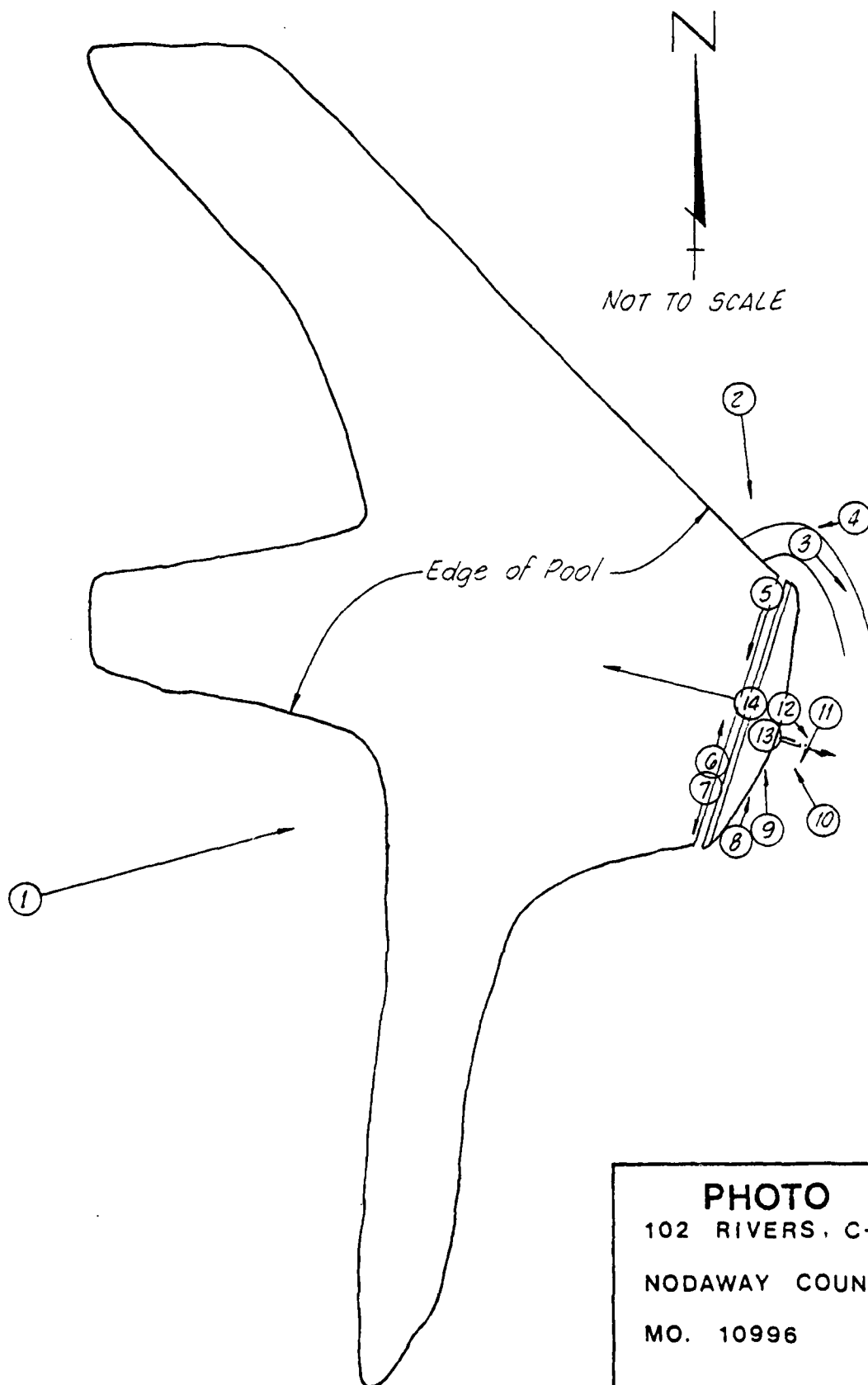


PHOTO INDEX

102 RIVERS, C-5 DAM

NODAWAY COUNTY, MISSOURI

MO. 10996

PLATE B-1

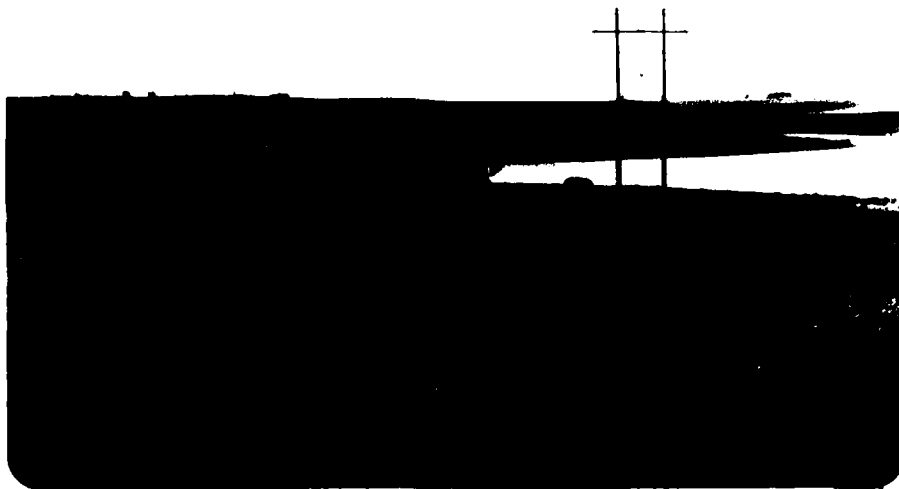


PHOTO NO. 2 - DAM FROM LEFT ABUTMENT. UPSTREAM END OF
EMERGENCY SPILLWAY LOCATED AT RIGHT-CENTER
OF PHOTO.



PHOTO NO. 3 - LOOKING DOWNSTREAM IN EMERGENCY SPILLWAY



PHOTO NO. 4 - LOOKING UPSTREAM IN EMERGENCY SPILLWAY



PHOTO NO. 5 - UPSTREAM SLOPE, BERM AND SPILLWAY RISER FROM
LEFT SIDE



PHOTO NO. 6 - PORTS IN RIGHT SIDE OF RISER. WATER AT LEVEL
OF PORTS



PHOTO NO. 7 - UPSTREAM SLOPE AND BERM



PHOTO NO. 8 - DOWNSTREAM SLOPE FROM RIGHT SIDE



PHOTO NO. 9 - SEEP OPPOSITE STA. 8 + 40 AT TOE



PHOTO NO. 10 - SEEP AREA TAKEN FROM RIGHT SIDE OF STILLING BASIN



PHOTO NO. 11 - OUTLET END OF PRINCIPAL SPILLWAY. SHOWING SEEPAGE AREA ON RIGHT SIDE OF STILLING BASIN

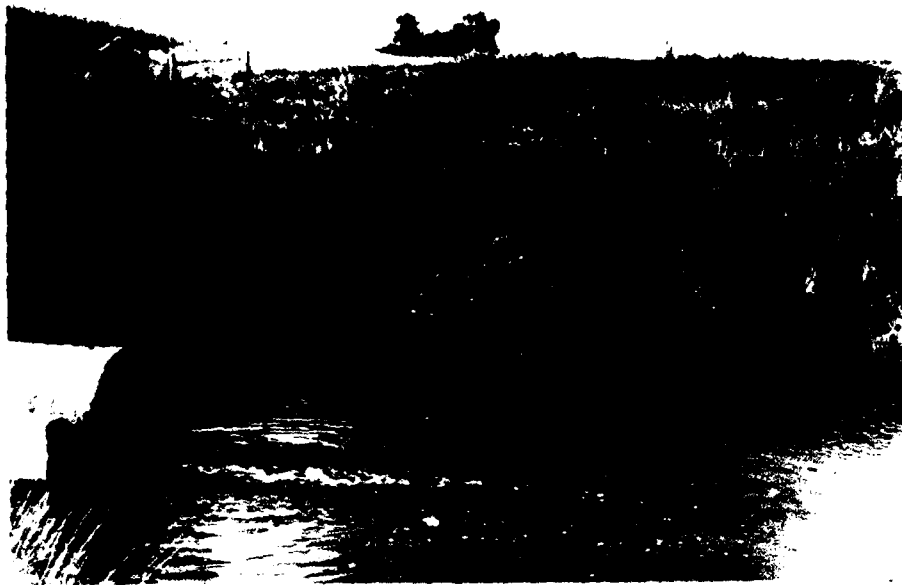


PHOTO NO. 12 - SEEP ON LEFT SIDE OF STILLING BASIN



PHOTO NO. 13 - DOWNSTREAM FROM CENTERLINE OF DAM



PHOTO NO. 14 - UPSTREAM FROM CENTERLINE OF DAM

APPENDIX C
PROJECT PLATES

STATION NO. 12000
MOUNTAIN VIEW

AS BUILT

STRUCTURE C 5
RIVER TRIB WAIFERSED PL 566
MADAWAY COUNTY, MISSOURI.
U S DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

DATE	DESCRIPTION	AMOUNT	BALANCE
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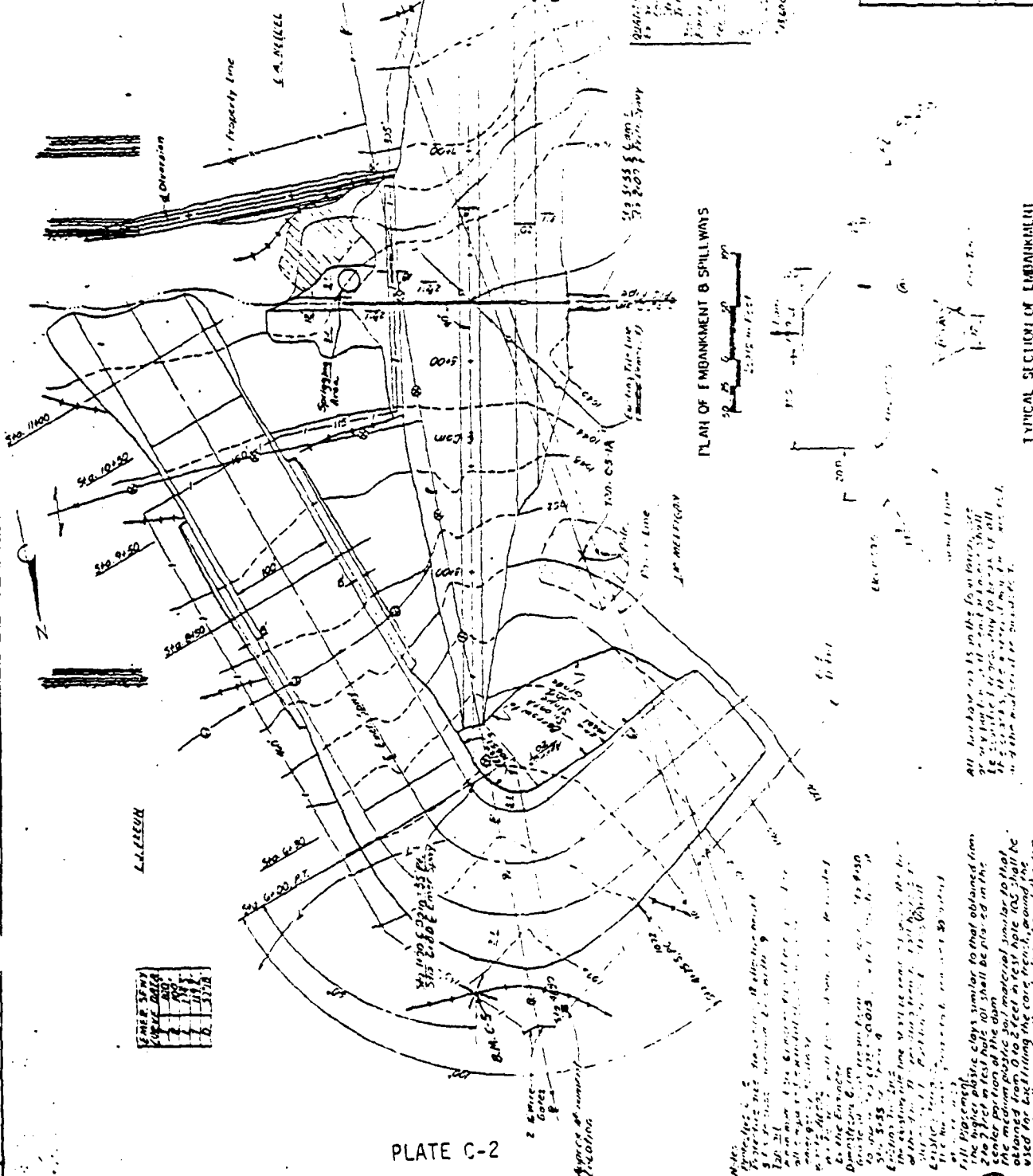
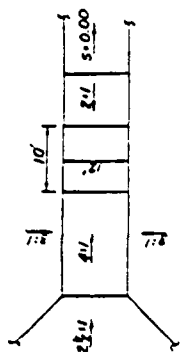


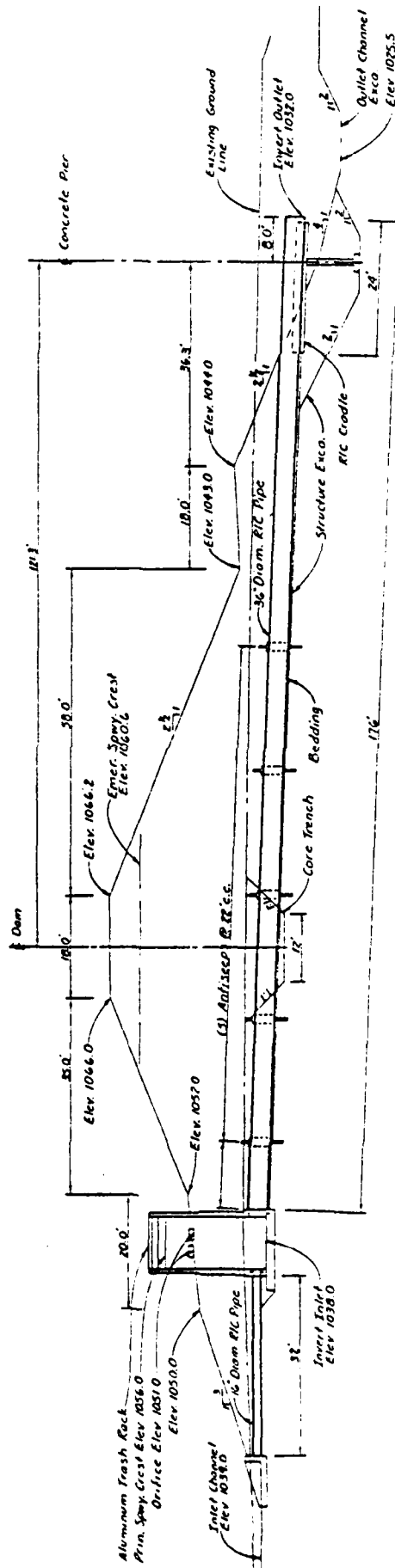
PLATE C-2

CONCRETE TABLE	
Dist from Outlet	Elev.
0	1032.00
1	1031.75
2	1031.50
3	1031.25
4	1031.00
5	1030.75
6	1030.50
7	1030.25
8	1030.00
9	1029.75
10	1029.50
11	1029.25
12	1029.00
13	1028.75
14	1028.50
15	1028.25
16	1028.00
17	1027.75
18	1027.50
19	1027.25
20	1027.00
21	1026.75
22	1026.50
23	1026.25
24	1026.00
25	1025.75
26	1025.50
27	1025.25
28	1025.00
29	1024.75
30	1024.50
31	1024.25
32	1024.00
33	1023.75
34	1023.50
35	1023.25
36	1023.00
37	1022.75
38	1022.50
39	1022.25
40	1022.00
41	1021.75
42	1021.50
43	1021.25
44	1021.00
45	1020.75
46	1020.50
47	1020.25
48	1020.00
49	1019.75
50	1019.50
51	1019.25
52	1019.00
53	1018.75
54	1018.50
55	1018.25
56	1018.00
57	1017.75
58	1017.50
59	1017.25
60	1017.00
61	1016.75
62	1016.50
63	1016.25
64	1016.00
65	1015.75
66	1015.50
67	1015.25
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69	1014.75
70	1014.50
71	1014.25
72	1014.00
73	1013.75
74	1013.50
75	1013.25
76	1013.00
77	1012.75
78	1012.50
79	1012.25
80	1012.00
81	1011.75
82	1011.50
83	1011.25
84	1011.00
85	1010.75
86	1010.50
87	1010.25
88	1010.00
89	1009.75
90	1009.50
91	1009.25
92	1009.00
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100	1007.00

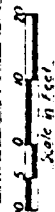


PARTIAL PLAN - STILLING BASIN

- Notes:
1. Antisepsis shall not be placed closer than two (2) feet to a pipe joint.
 2. Conduit in accordance with the specifications.
 3. Conduit elevations other than those shown will be furnished by the Engineer, when required.



SECTION ON CENTERLINE



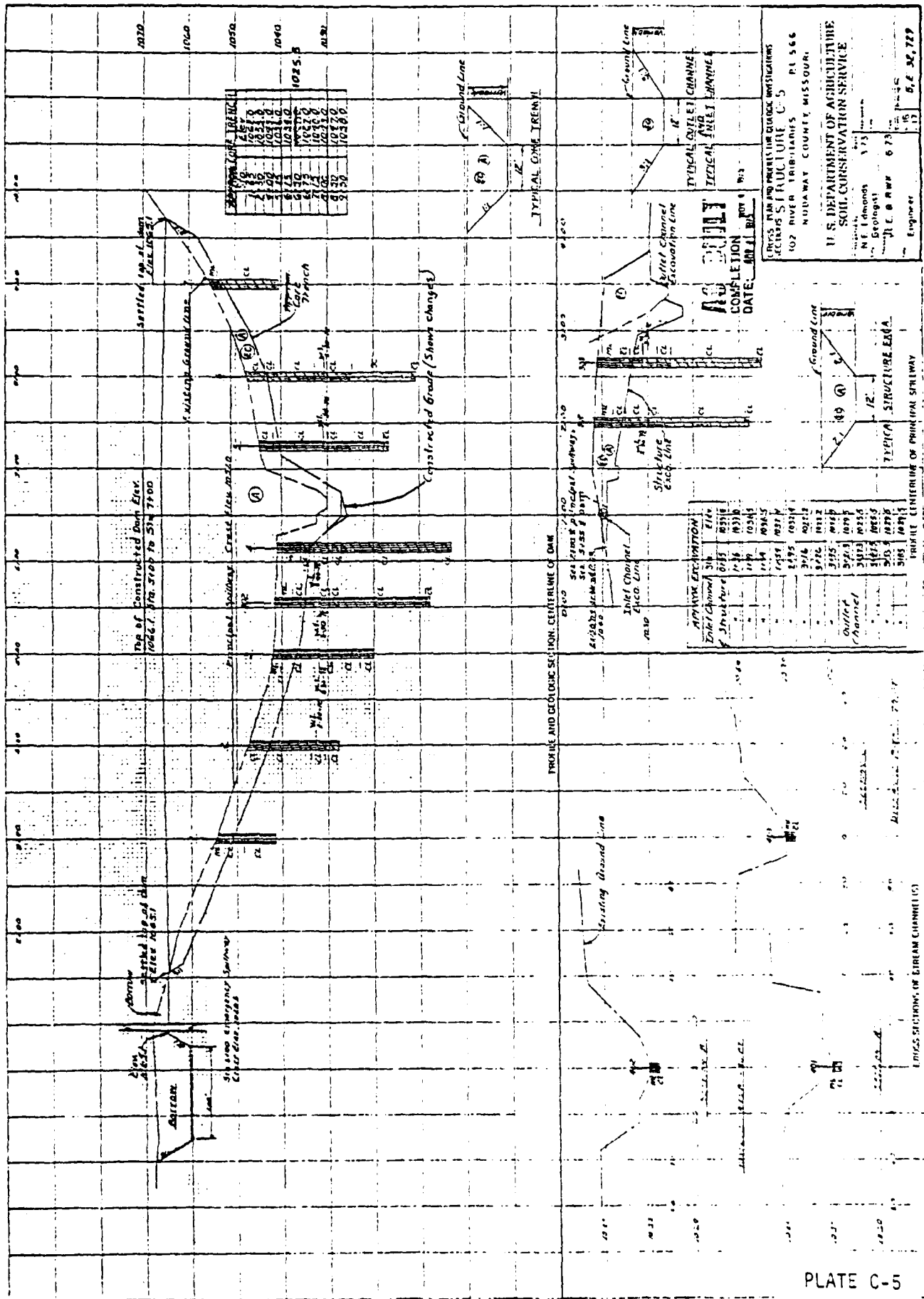
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COMPLETION
DATE: MAY 1, 1911

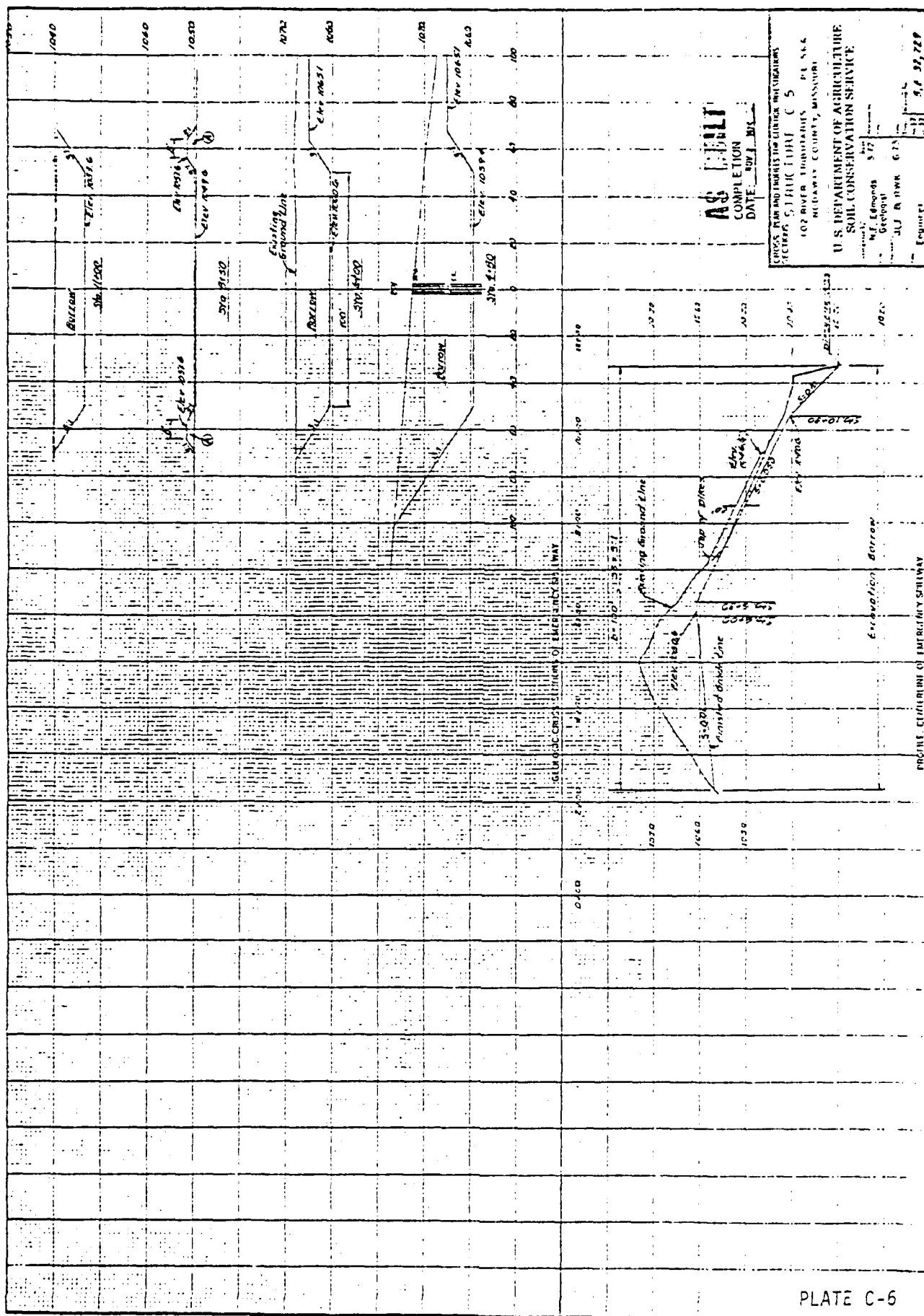
STRUCTURE C-5

GENERAL LAYOUT
R/C DROP INLET FOR 36" DIAM PIPE
102 RIVER TRIM WATERWHEEL PL-566
MODAWAY COUNTY, MISSOURI
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

MATERIALS

- Concrete, Class 4000
- Reinforced Concrete Pressure Pipe, 36" Diam, Steel Ring Type Joint & Rubber Gasket
- Reinforced Concrete Pressure Pipe, 16" Diam, Steel Ring Type Joint & Rubber Gasket
- Aluminum Trash Rocks
- Slide Gate, 16" Diam
- 66 Cu Yds.
- 176 Lin. Ft.
- 32 Lin. Ft.
- 1 Lump Sum





STRUCTURE DATA

Class of Structure "b" Flood Retarding
 Drainage Area (total) 1,293 Ac. 2.02 Sq. Mi.
 (uncontrolled) 1,293 Ac. 2.02 Sq. Mi.
 Time of Concentration 0.79 Hours
 Soil Cover Complex Number 77 For A.M.C. II
 Sediment Capacity Available 150.0 Ac.Ft. below Elev. 1051.0
 Total Sediment Capacity Available 150.0 Ac.Ft.
 Capacity Equivalents (Vol.) 1.39 In.
 Capacity Equivalents (Vol.) 360.0 Ac.Ft.
 Capacity Equivalents (Vol.) 3.34
 None Ac.Ft. - Ignored by Design

Vegetated Earth 2 Storm Drain 6 hour

Rainfall 7.92 in.

Peak Inflow 3421 cfs

Maximum Discharge - Emergency Spillway 354 cfs

Maximum Water Surface Elev. 1062.1

Velocity of Flow (Vel.) 5.9

Substructure Data and General Design Data

Orifice Elev. 1051.0

Principal Spillway Crest Elev. 1056.0

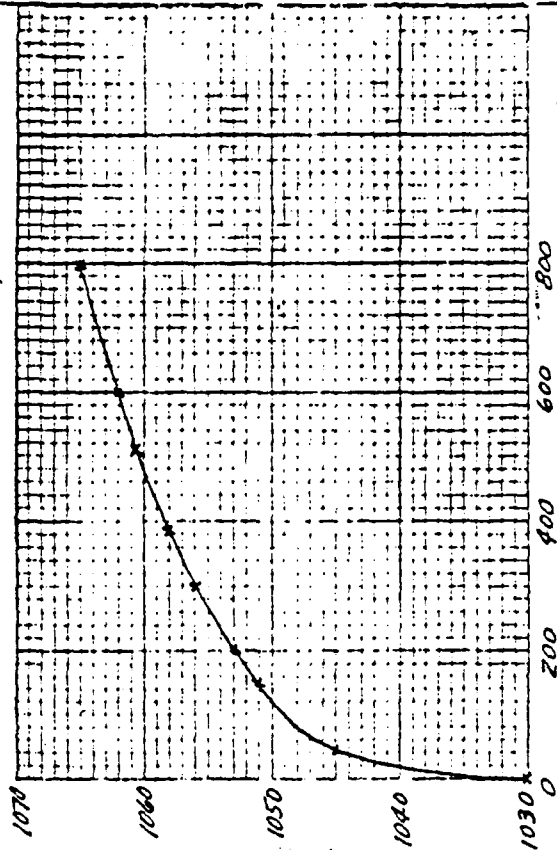
Emergency Spillway Crest Elev. 1060.6

Settled Top of Dam Elev. 1065.1

Height x Storage = 30.6 x 510 = 15,606

Freeboard Hydrograph for Class b Structures
 Rainfall 13.68 in.
 Runoff 10.65 in.
 Peak Inflow 7,246 cfs
 Maximum Discharge - Emergency Spillway 2,254 cfs
 Maximum Water Surface Elev. 1065.0

Reservoir Capacity



AS BUILT

11-4-75

STRUCTURE C-5

MDR RIVER TRIB. WATERSHED PL. 566

NODAWAY COUNTY, MISSOURI

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

DESIGNER: RES. & R.W.A. 972

DATE: 8-5

TIME: 12-12

NO. 5, 1 32, 729-H

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE - Soil Mechanics Laboratory

800 "J" Street, Lincoln, Nebraska 68508

Edmonds MF
Keeley RUC
Blaine MMB
File 13-18
G

SUBJECT: ENG 22-5, Missouri WF-08, 102 River Tributaries
Site No. C-5 (Nodaway County)

DATE: August 11, 1972

TO: James M. Dale, State Conservation Engineer
SCS, Columbia, Missouri

ATTACHMENTS

1. Form SCS-354, Soil Mechanics Laboratory Data, 2 sheets.
2. Form SCS-ENG-128 & 128A, Consolidation Test Data, 1 test, 5 sheets.
3. Form SCS-127, Soil Permeability, 1 sheet.
4. Form SCS-355A, Triaxial Shear Test Data, 2 tests, 2 sheets.
5. Form SCS-352, Compaction and Penetration Resistance, 6 sheets.
6. Form SCS-357, Summary - Slope Stability Analysis, 2 sheets.
7. Form RTSC-FW-ENG-42, Determination of s and Probable Joint Caps, 1 sheet.

INTRODUCTION

The proposed 35-foot high, class "b" hazard embankment is located in the Iowa and Missouri Heavy Till Plain physiographic area in Nodaway County in the northwest corner of Missouri.

The major engineering problems at this site are a deep compressible alluvial foundation, borrow materials susceptible to drying cracks, and rather weak embankment materials at 95% of Standard Proctor density.

DISCUSSION

FOUNDATION

- A. Classification. The flood plain has high-plasticity CL and CH alluvial deposits up to 35 feet deep over dense, stiff Kansan till. The alluvial foundation samples submitted are CL and CH materials. The CL materials have liquid limits ranging from 43 to 49 and plasticity indices varying from 19 to 31. The CH sample had a liquid limit of 51 and a plasticity index of 28. Dispersion was generally low for all the foundation samples except the undisturbed sample 302.3 (72W2239) which had a dispersion of 71%.

Some sandy clay was encountered from 23 feet to 36 feet on the right side of the flood plain.

The abutments consist of stiff, high-plasticity Kansan till.

- B. Dry Unit Weight. The Shelby tube sample 302.3 (72W2239) yielded CL test specimens with dry densities varying from 1.39 gm/cc (86.7 pcf)

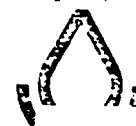


PLATE C-8

Subj: Missouri WF-08, 102 River Tributaries, Site C-5

to 1.48 gm/cc (92.4 pcf). Standard penetration tests in the material represented by Sample 302.3 (72W2239) yielded blow count of 8 blows per foot in saturated material. Blow Counts of 6 blows per foot were obtained in 2 tests in the alluvium underlying the above sample.

- C. Consolidation. A one-dimensional consolidation test was made on the CL Shelby tube sample 302.3 (72W2239). The 1" x 2.5" test specimen was saturated at the start of the test and loaded to 32 ksf. The void ratio versus pressure curve plotted from the test data indicates the material is somewhat preconsolidated to the present overburden load. The indicated preconsolidation load is in the range of 3000 to 7000 psf. The virgin curve is not sharply defined by the void ratio versus pressure plot, so the test data can be interpreted over a fairly wide range. A preconsolidation load of 3500 psf appears to be a reasonably conservative value. The proposed 24-foot high embankment and overburden load will be approximately 3500 psf, so the consolidation potential of the foundation should be fairly low. The consolidation potential for a 3500 psf load from the percent consolidation curve for the test data is approximately 4.5%. For a corrected field curve a consolidation potential of approximately 2% is obtained for the 3500 psf load. An average consolidation potential of 2% for the 30 feet of alluvium under the 24-foot high embankment at Station 5+55 appears to be a reasonable value for this site.

The rate of consolidation of the alluvium will be quite slow due to the low permeability and the long seepage path. Consider all foundation consolidation as residual at the time construction is complete.

- D. Permeability. A falling head permeability test was made on the CL consolidation test specimen. The permeability curve was extrapolated to obtain an initial vertical permeability rate of approximately 0.00035 fpd.
- E. Shear Strength. A consolidated undrained triaxial shear test was made on the CL core sample 302.3 (72W2239). The 1.4-inch diameter test specimens were trimmed from the Shelby tube sample and then back-pressured on the shear machine to full saturation.

The test data was interpreted to give total stress shear parameters of $\phi = 13^\circ$ and $c = 525$ psf.

EMBANKMENT

- A. Classification. The 6 samples of borrow materials submitted to the Soil Mechanics Laboratory varied from moderately plastic ML to high plasticity CL. The 2 ML samples had liquid limits of 40 and 41 and plasticity indices of 14 and 15. The 4 CL samples had liquid limits varying from 39 to 47 and plasticity indices from 23 to 31.

Low dispersion values were obtained for all of the borrow samples submitted.

The Atterberg limits indicate the CL materials will have shrinkage limits in the range of 11% to 16% and the ML materials will have shrinkage limits of approximately 21%.

- B. Compacted Dry Density. Standard Proctor compaction tests (ASTM D-698, Method A) were made on the minus No. 4 fraction of all 6 of the borrow samples submitted. The 2 ML samples had maximum dry densities of 93.5 pcf and 96.5 pcf with respective optimum moisture contents of 23.5% and 22.0%. The maximum dry densities of the 4 CL samples varied from 99.5 pcf to 108.0 pcf and optimum moisture contents varied from 17.5% to 21%.
- C. Shear Strength. A consolidated undrained triaxial shear test was made on the ML sample 103.2 (72W2246). The 1.4-inch diameter test specimens were molded slightly wet of optimum to a density of 95% of Standard Proctor. The test specimens were backpressured in the shear machine to full saturation prior to testing.

The test data was interpreted to yield total stress shear parameters of $\phi = 17.5^\circ$ and $c = 275$ psf. The more plastic CL materials at 95% of Standard Proctor density are expected to be stronger than the ML that was tested.

- D. Consolidation. Average embankment consolidation is estimated at 1.5% for the flood plain section.

STABILITY ANALYSIS

The proposed 35-foot high, class "b" hazard dam was analyzed using the ICES stability program and the IEM 360 computer. Shear parameters of $\phi = 17.5^\circ$ and $c = 275$ psf were used to represent the embankment. The foundation shear parameters were $\phi = 13^\circ$ and $c = 525$ psf.

A full drawdown analysis of the $2\frac{1}{2}:1$ upstream slope shows that a 3:1 slope is required below the 10-foot berm at elevation 1051.0 to obtain a safety factor of 1.41, which is considered adequate for the proposed class "b" hazard structure.

A steady seepage analysis of the downstream slope with a phreatic line developed from the emergency spillway elevation and a foundation drain at $c/b = 0.6$ shows a 10-foot berm is needed at elevation 1043.0 to obtain a safety factor of 1.44, which is considered adequate for this structure.

James M. Dale

4

Subj: Missouri WF-C8, 102 River Tributaries, Site C-5

SETTLEMENT ANALYSIS

Average foundation settlement under the 24-foot high flood plain section is expected to be approximately 2%, and average embankment settlement is expected to be approximately 1.5%. Total settlement will be approximately one foot across the flood plain and should be considered as residual settlement at the completion of construction, due to the low permeabilities of the materials and the long seepage paths.

RECOMMENDATIONS

- 8' 10" x 14"
2.75"
- A. Site Preparation: Removal of the tile drain pipe at the site is recommended.
 - B. Centerline Cutoff. The shallow 5 to 6-foot deep cutoff, as proposed in the engineer's report, is considered satisfactory. A normal bottom width (10 to 12 feet) and 1:1 side slopes are considered adequate. Backfill with ML materials to reduce the hazard of drying cracks. Place at or near optimum and compact to a minimum density of 95% of Standard Proctor.
 - C. Principal Spillway. Base spreading of the embankment due to the deep (30 to 35 feet) compressible alluvium may present a pipe elongation problem at this site. Pipe elongation calculations using a 2% consolidation potential for 30 feet of compressible foundation show a horizontal strain of approximately 0.008 ft/ft for the proposed embankment. See the attached Form RTSC-FW-ENG-42 for calculations.

The deeper high-plasticity CL and CH materials will be subject to cracking upon drying, so special attention should be given to scarifying and backfilling if the principal spillway trench is cut through the ML surface layer, which will be less susceptible to drying cracks.

- OK
- D. Drainage. A shallow foundation trench drain is required at $c/b = 0.6$ to draw the phreatic line down to provide embankment stability. Any well graded sand and gravel that meets the requirements of Soil Mechanics Note No. 1 will be adequate in the high-plasticity alluvium, which generally will have a high resistance to piping.
 - E. Embankment Design. The following are recommended:
 - 1. Selectively place the high-plasticity CL materials in the center section with moisture contents at or below optimum. Scarify lifts that have dried out, very carefully to break up any shrinkage cracks that may develop.
 - 2. Selectively place the silty, lower plasticity ML materials on the outer shells to reduce the shrink-swell problems.

James M. Dale

5

Subj: Missouri WF-08, 102 River Tributaries, Site C-5

3. Compact all embankment materials to a minimum density of 95% of Standard Proctor (ASTM D-698, Method A).
4. Provide $2\frac{1}{2}:1$ slopes above the ^{20' sloping berm} upstream berm at elevation 1051 and $3:1$ slopes below the berm.
5. Provide $2\frac{1}{2}:1$ downstream slopes with a 10-foot berm at elevation 1043.0.
6. Provide an overfill of one foot across the flood plain to compensate for residual foundation and embankment consolidation.

Prepared by:

Edgar F. Steele
Edgar F. Steele

Reviewed and Approved by:

Lorn P. Dunnigan
Lorn P. Dunnigan
Head
Soil Mechanics Laboratory

Attachments

cc:
Project Office, Maysville, Mo. (2)
Kenneth M. Kent, Lincoln, Nebr.

NO-102 354	11.7 - 35.1'	Class b
NO. 3-10	78,000 cu yds	MR
100 Cont	185-11-10	

[illegible]

[illegible]

MATERIALS TESTING REPORT	U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE	CONSOLIDATION TEST
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PROJECT OR STATE <u>CONSERVATION DISTRICTS AND RURAL DISTRICTS</u>		SAMPLE LOCATION <u>1111111111</u>	
FIELD SAMPLE NO. <u>22222</u>	DEPTH <u>10'-12'</u>	GEOLOGIC ORIGIN <u>A. H. H. H. H. H.</u>	
TYPE OF SAMPLE <u>UNDISTURBED</u>	TESTED AT <u>1111111111</u>	APPROVED BY <u>E. S. F. S. S. S.</u>	DATE <u>9/18/72</u>

CLASSIFICATION CL

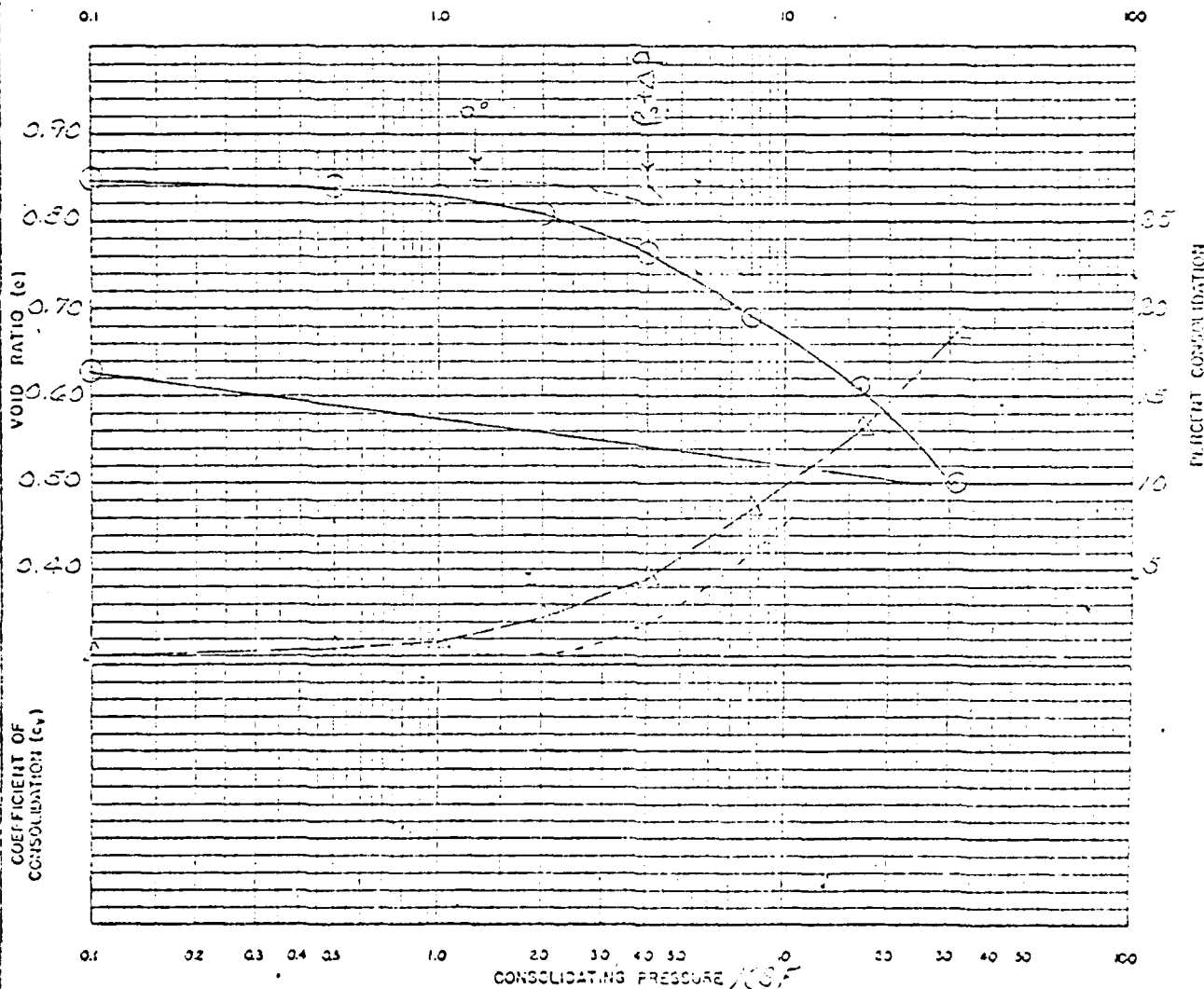
G_s 2.50 LL 25 PI 21

INITIAL DENSITY γ_d 1.23 g/cc

INITIAL VOID RATIO, e_0 0.60

COMPRESSION INDEX, C_c _____

TEST SPECIFICATIONS:
Saturated at Start

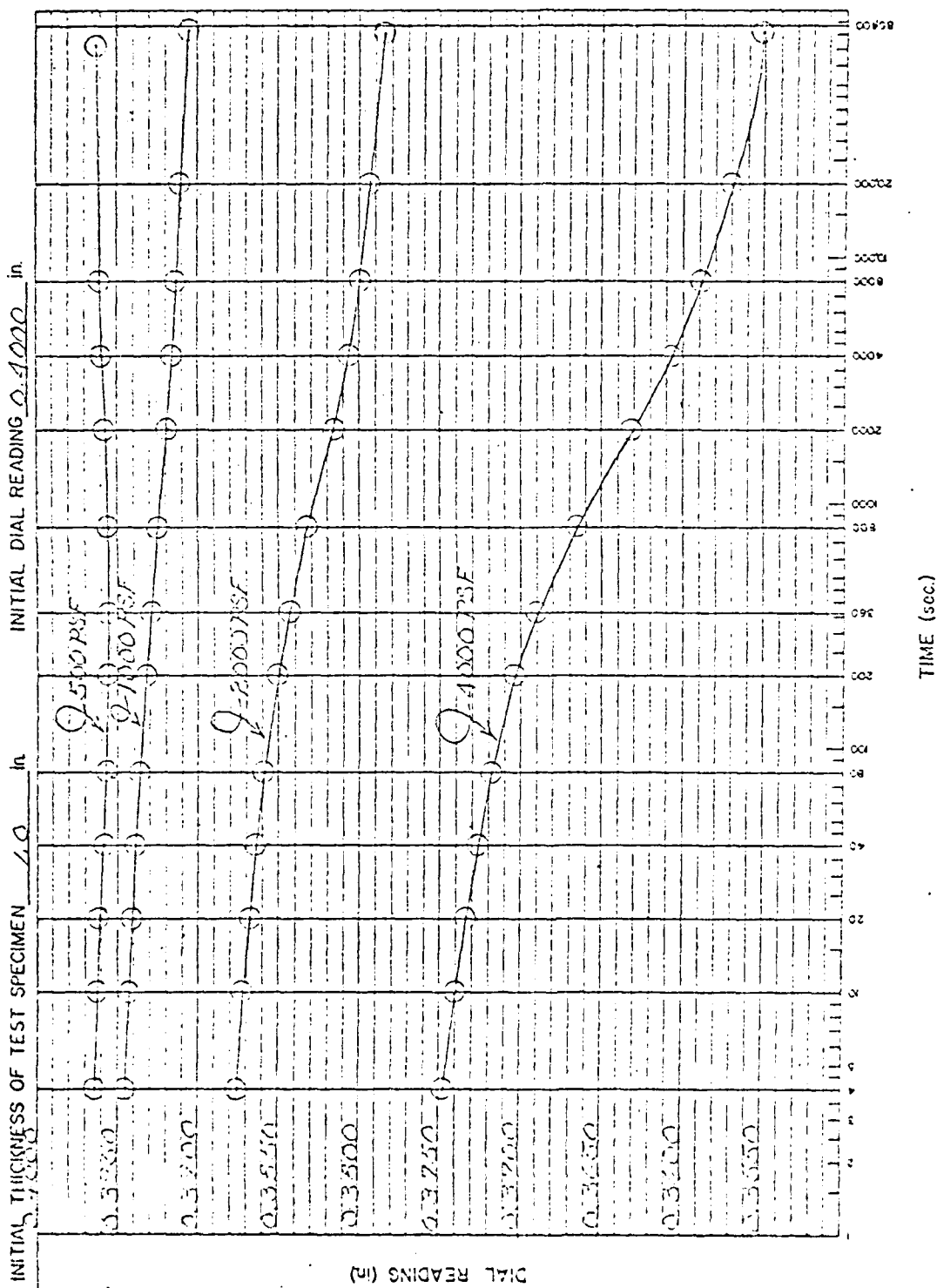


REMARKS

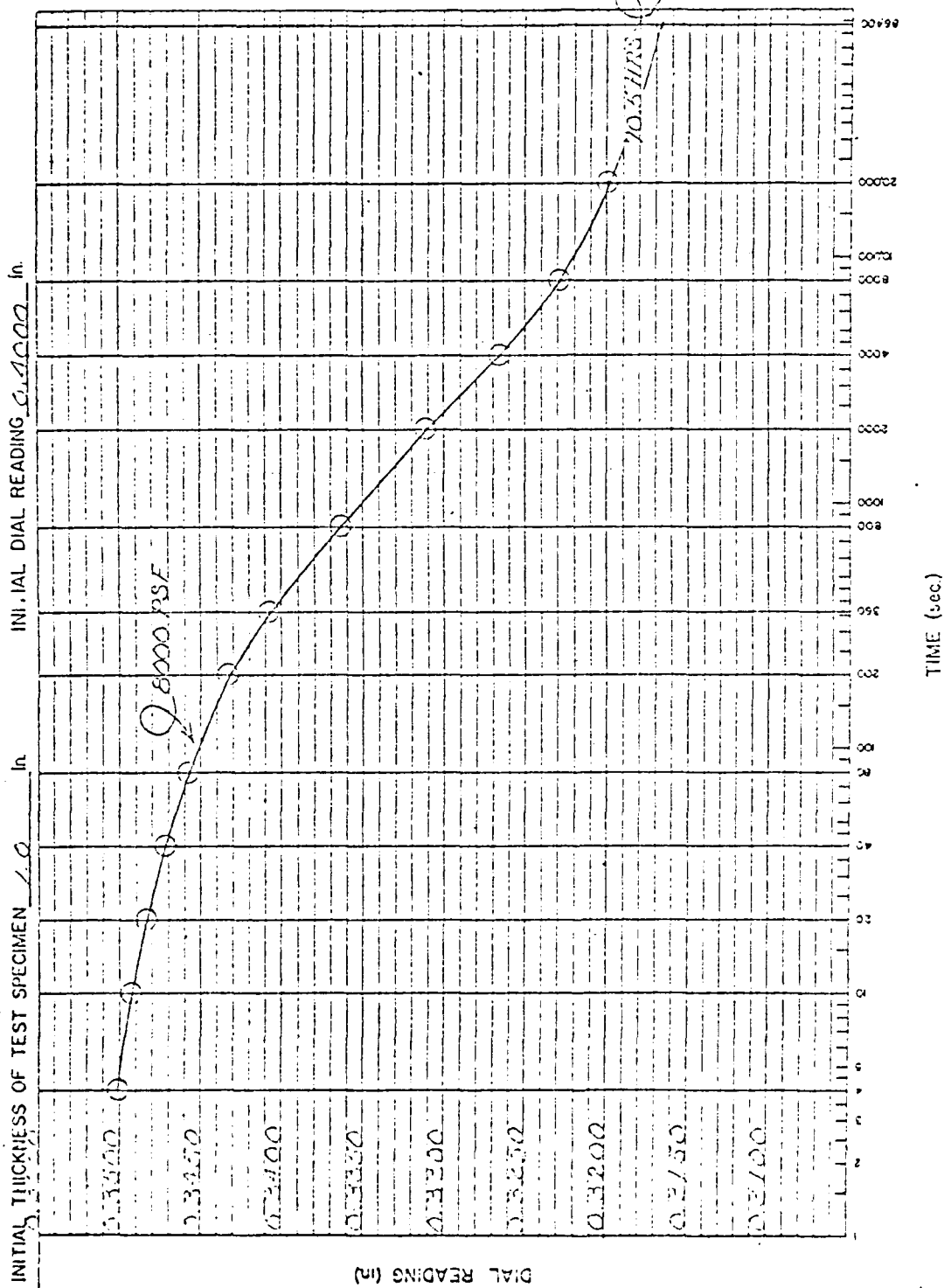
MATERIALS TESTING REPORT U. S. DEPARTMENT of AGRICULTURE
SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

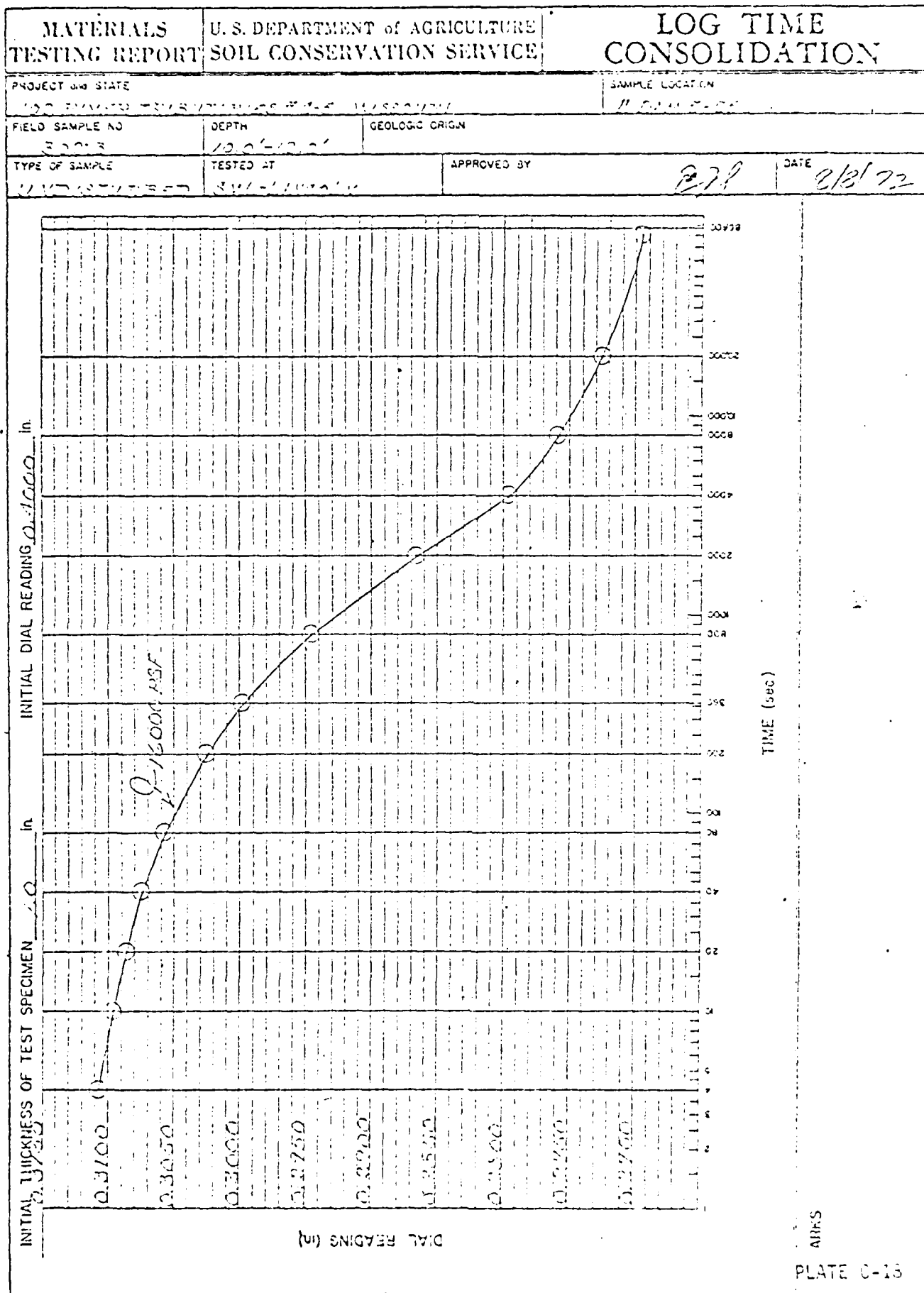
LOG TIME
CONSOLIDATION

PROJECT AND STATE 100 PAVED HIGHWAYS AND 2-5 MISSOURI		SAMPLE LOCATION IN DAM AREA	
FIELD SAMPLE NO. 3023	DEPTH 100'-100'	GEOLOGIC ORIGIN	
TYPE OF SAMPLE UNDISTURBED	TESTED AT SIL-100014	APPROVED BY [Signature]	DATE 2/8/72



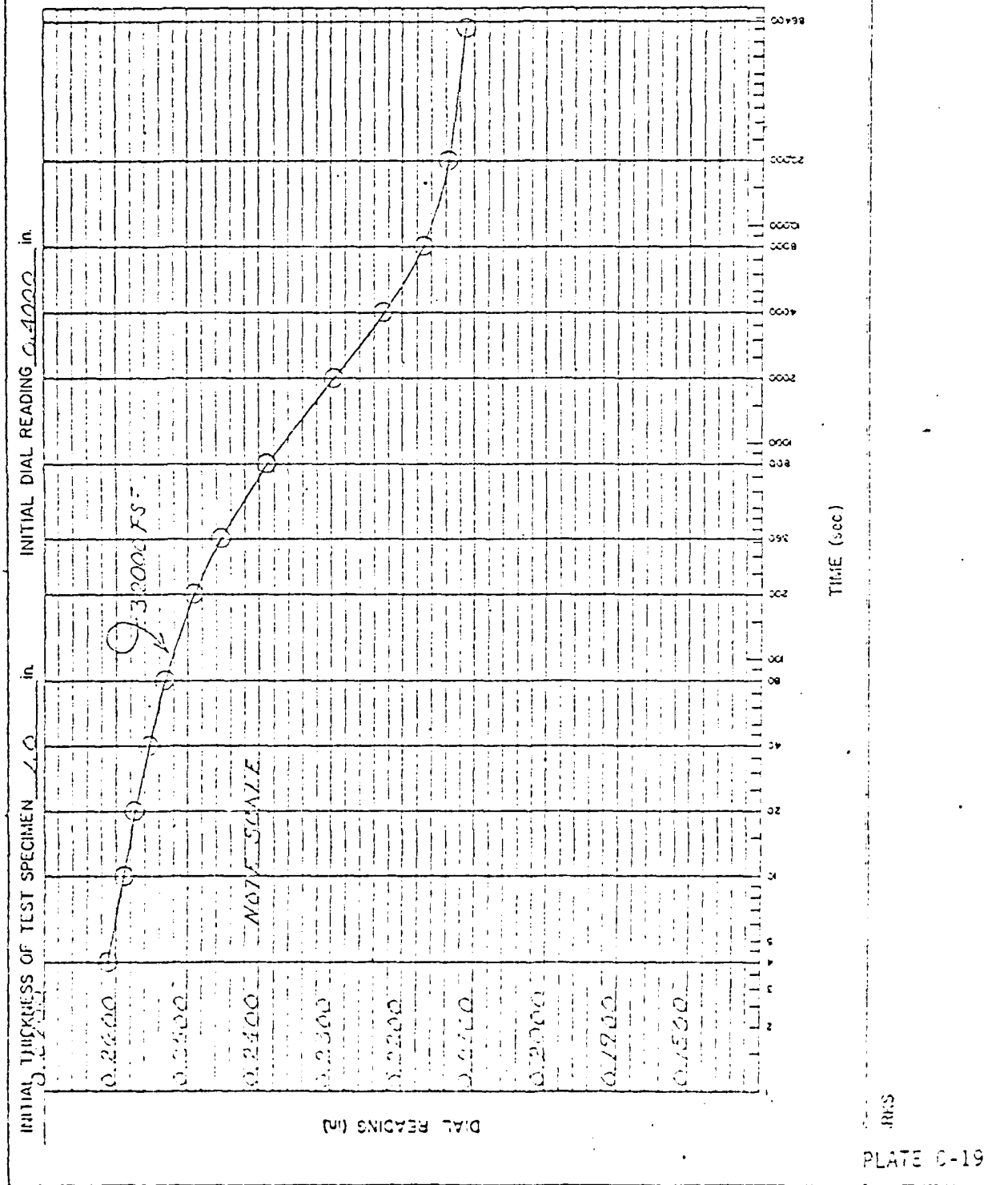
PROJECT and STATE 100 POWER TRIP TABLES NORTH MISSOURI		SAMPLE LOCATION DAM #150	
FIELD SAMPLE NO. 8003	DEPTH 10.2'-12.0'	GEOLOGIC ORIGIN	
TYPE OF SAMPLE UNDISTURBED	TESTED AT SUN-LINCOLN	APPROVED BY [Signature]	DATE 8/8/72



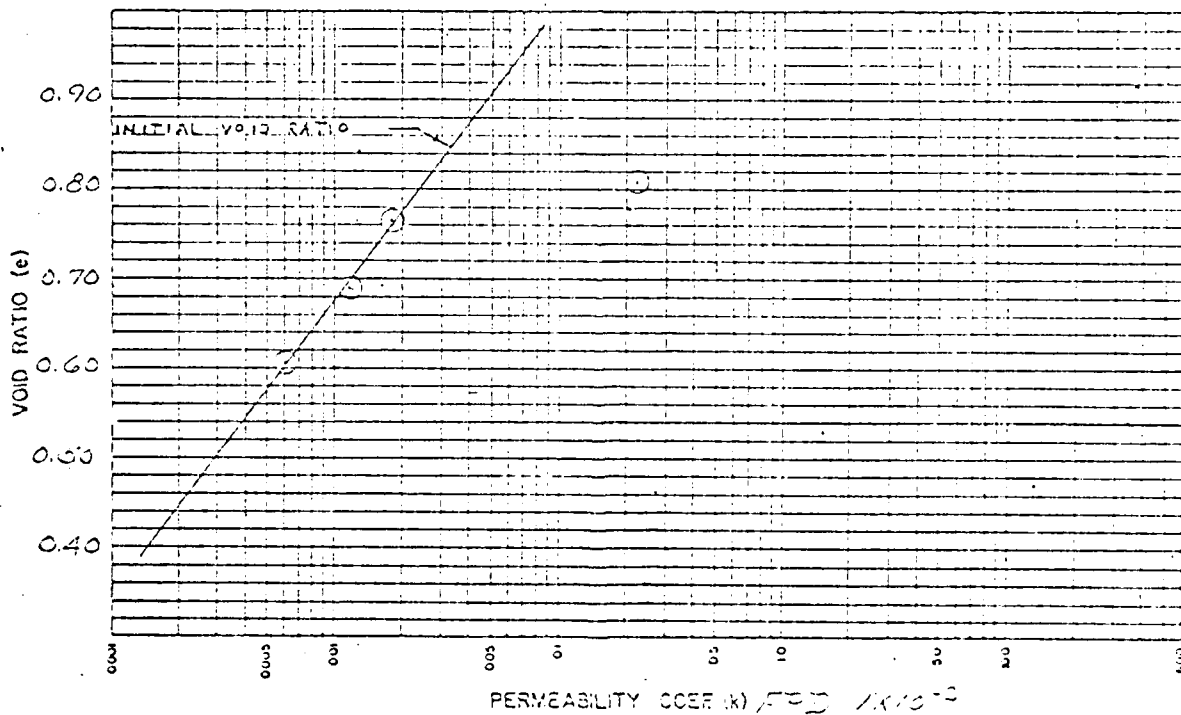


MATERIALS TESTING REPORT	U. S. DEPARTMENT of AGRICULTURE SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE	LOG TIME CONSOLIDATION
-------------------------------------	--	-----------------------------------

PROJECT and STATE <u>100' TOWER TR/STATIONING NO. 0-5 MISSOURI</u>		SAMPLE LOCATION <u>11111111-1</u>	
FIELD SAMPLE NO. <u>1000</u>	DEPTH <u>100'-120'</u>	GEOLOGIC ORIGIN	
TYPE OF SAMPLE <u>11111111-1</u>	TESTED AT <u>11111111-1</u>	APPROVED BY <u>272</u>	DATE <u>8/8/72</u>



MATERIALS TESTING REPORT		U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE		SOIL PERMEABILITY	
PROJECT AND STATE 100 FINGER TRIBUTARY NO 2-5 MISSOURI				SAMPLE LOCATION @ DAM 5455	
FIELD SAMPLE NO 3003	DEPTH 10.2' 12.0'	GEOLOGIC ORIGIN Alluvium			
TYPE OF SAMPLE UNDISTURBED	TESTED AT SIL-1140014	APPROVED BY Edgar F. Staslo	DATE 7/2/72		
CLASSIFICATION CL		LL 45 PI 24		SPECIFIC GRAVITY	
TEST NO.	3000	4030	5030	6030	$G_s (-) \#4$ 2.59
INITIAL MOISTURE %					$G_s (+) \#4$
DRY DENSITY $\frac{lb}{cu\ ft}$ $\frac{pcf}{pcf}$	1.43	1.47	1.53	1.61	$G_m (bulk) (+) \#4$
VOID RATIO	0.5002	0.7632	0.6321	0.6857	TEST SPECIFICATIONS Falling Head Perme Test on the Consolidation Sample
PERMEABILITY COEF. cm/sec	0.0003	0.0005	0.00012	0.0006	
PERCOLATION COEF					
H_L DURING TEST					



REMARKS
INITIAL K $\approx 0.00035 \frac{cm}{sec}$

MATERIALS TESTING REPORT U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE **TRIAxIAL SHEAR TEST**

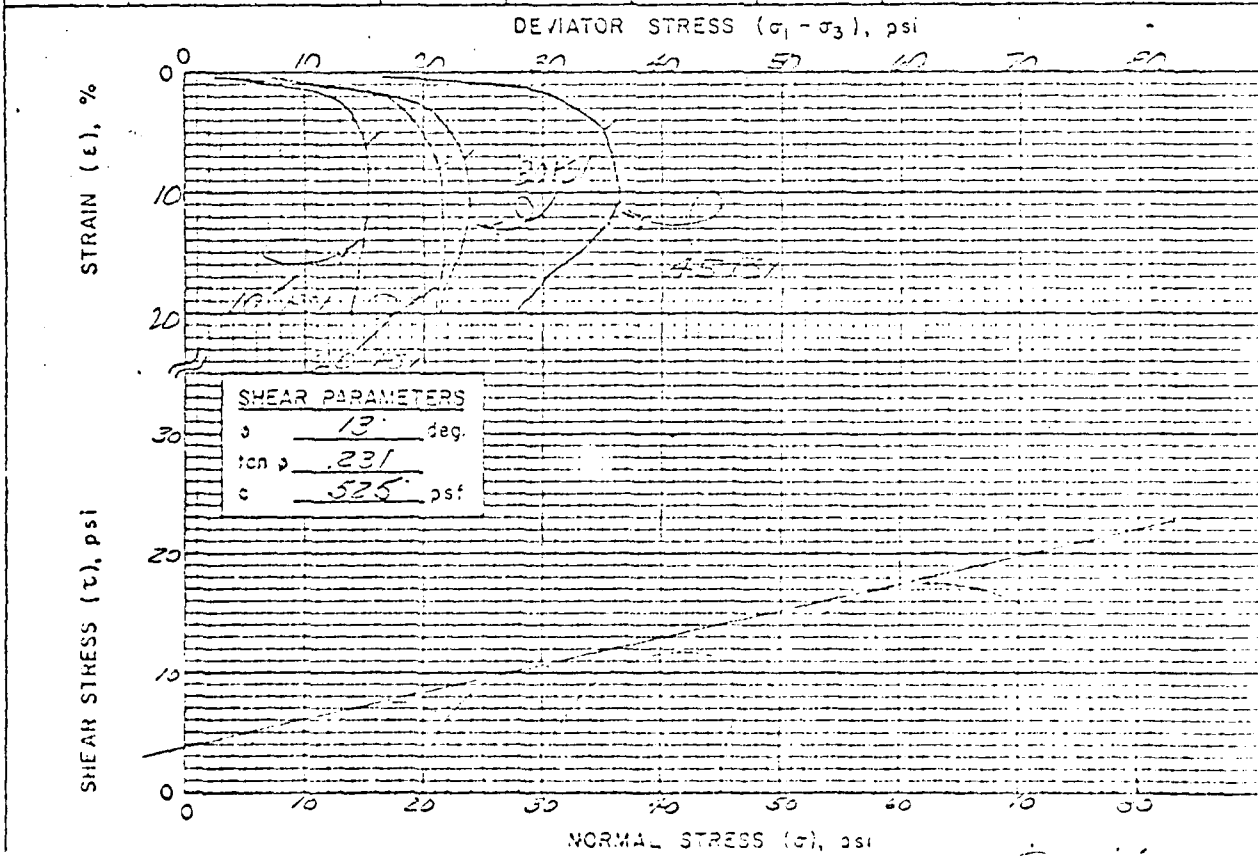
PROJECT AND STATE: 102 River Terraces # 2-5, MISSOURI SAMPLE LOCATION: 4.000 S-55

FIELD SAMPLE NO.: 302.3 DEPTH: 12-13' GEOLOGIC ORIGIN: Alluvium

TYPE OF SAMPLE: UNDISTURBED TESTED AT: SUL - LINCOLN APPROVED BY: Edgar F. St. John DATE: 2/8/72

INDEX TEST DATA				SPECIMEN DATA		TYPE OF TEST	
USCS	<u>CL</u>	LL	<u>45</u>	PI	<u>24</u>	HEIGHT	<u>3.0</u> "
% FINER (mm):	0.002 <u>27</u>	0.005	<u>35</u>	MATERIALS TESTED PASSED # <u>4</u> SIEVE		DIAMETER	<u>1.4</u> "
	0.074 (#200)	<u>110</u>		METHOD OF PREPARATION <u>TRIMMED</u>			
G _s (-#4)	<u>2.59</u>	G _s (+#4)		FROM AN UNDISTURBED CORE			
STANDARD: Y _d MAX.		pcf		MOLDING MOISTURE			
MODIFIED: Y _d MAX.		pcf		MOLDED AT			
				% OF Y _d MAXIMUM			

DRY DENSITY		Parameter	MOISTURE CONTENT, %			TIME OF CONSOLIDATION (hrs.)	MINOR PRINCIPAL STRESS σ_3 (psi)	DEVIATOR STRESS $\sigma_1 - \sigma_3$ (psi)	AXIAL STRAIN AT FAILURE, ϵ (%)
INITIAL pcf	CONSOLIDATED pcf		START OF TEST	DEG. OF SAT. AT START OF TEST	END OF TEST				
g/cc	g/cc								
<u>1.39</u>		<u>0.93</u>			<u>52.7</u>	<u>16.42</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>151</u>	<u>6.0</u>
<u>1.40</u>		<u>0.96</u>			<u>30.6</u>	<u>17.06</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>212</u>	<u>8.0</u>
<u>1.42</u>		<u>0.97</u>			<u>29.2</u>	<u>17.58</u>	<u>30</u>	<u>235</u>	<u>7.0</u>
<u>1.47</u>		<u>1.00</u>			<u>25.8</u>	<u>18.00</u>	<u>45</u>	<u>351</u>	<u>4.8</u>



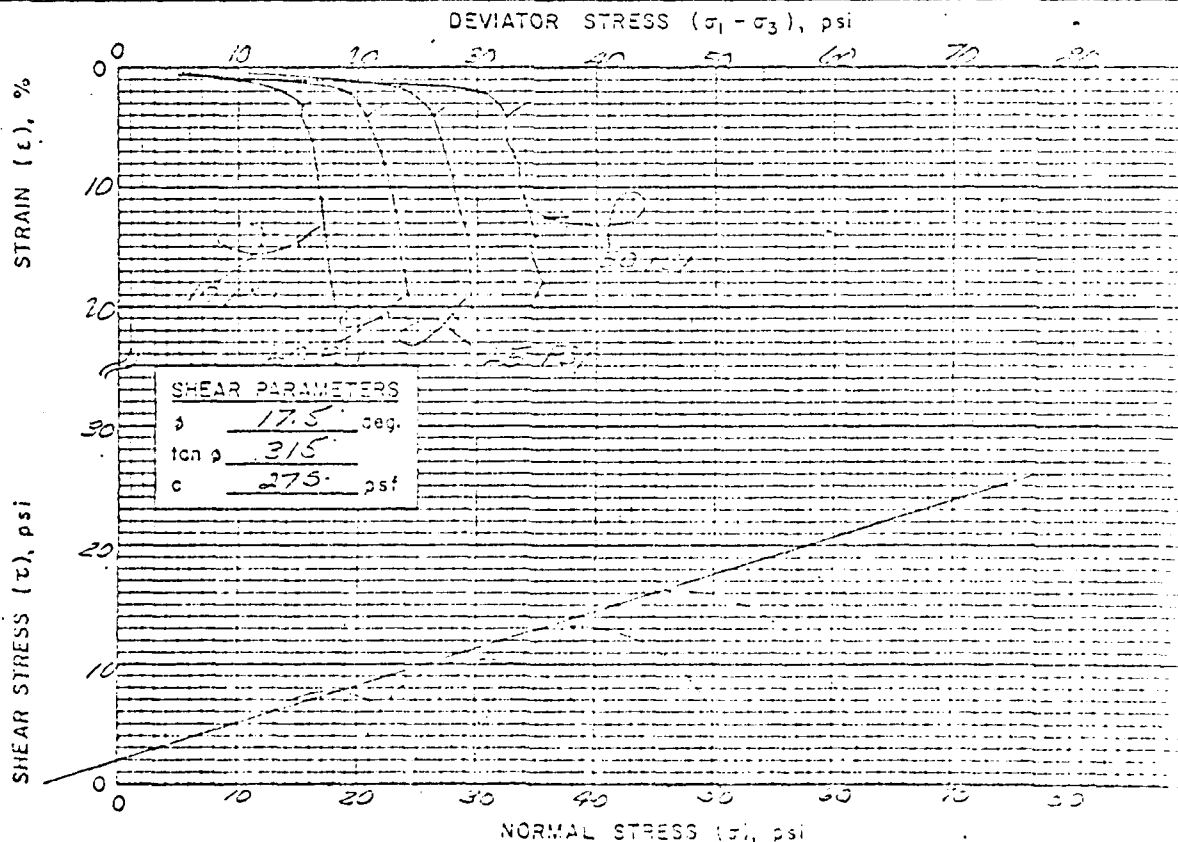
REMARKS: BALT-PRESSURED

[Signature]

MATERIALS TESTING REPORT U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE TRIAXIAL SHEAR TESTPROJECT AND STATE 152 DUFF TRIANGLE & C-5, MISSOURI SAMPLE LOCATION 8-00041 C-22 3-11FIELD SAMPLE NO. 103.2 DEPTH 3-9' GEOLOGIC ORIGINTYPE OF SAMPLE CONSOLIDATED TESTED AT SMIL-LINCOLN APPROVED BY Edgar F. Steele DATE 2/2/72

INDEX TEST DATA		SPECIMEN DATA		TYPE OF TEST
USCS <u>CL</u>	LL <u>41</u> ; PI <u>15</u>	HEIGHT <u>2.0</u> "	DIAMETER <u>1.4</u> "	UU <input type="checkbox"/>
% FINER (mm): 0.002 <u>20</u> ; 0.005 <u>30</u>	0.075 (#200) <u>96</u>	MATERIALS TESTED PASSED #40 SIEVE		CU <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
G _s (-#4) <u>2.57</u> ; G _s (+#4)		METHOD OF PREPARATION <u>STATIC</u>		CU <input type="checkbox"/>
STANDARD: Y _d MAX. <u>93.5</u> pcf; w ₀ <u>23.5</u> %		<u>10.050 IN 2 LISTS</u>		CU <input type="checkbox"/>
MODIFIED: Y _d MAX. _____ pcf; w ₀ _____ %		MOLDING MOISTURE <u>26.1</u> %		CU <input type="checkbox"/>
		MOLDED AT <u>84.5</u> % OF Y _d MAXIMUM		CU <input type="checkbox"/>

DRY DENSITY		S. Parameter	MOISTURE CONTENT, %			TIME OF CONSOLIDATION (hrs.)	MINOR PRINCIPAL STRESS σ_3 (psi)	DEVIATOR STRESS $\sigma_1 - \sigma_3$ (psi)	AXIAL STRAIN AT FAILURE, ϵ (%)
INITIAL pcf <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	CONSOLIDATED pcf <input type="checkbox"/>		START OF TEST	DEG. OF SAT. AT START OF TEST	END OF TEST				
83.4		0.96			31.1	17.00	10	15.2	30
83.4		0.99			30.4	16.17	20	20.3	40
83.5		0.95			28.4	64.17	30	36.4	40
83.1		0.96			29.5	16.75	25	24.3	40

REMARKS BACK-PRESSURED

MATERIALS TESTING REPORT	U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE	COMPACTION AND PENETRATION RESISTANCE
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PROJECT AND STATE: 132 River Tributaries # C-5, Missouri

FIELD SAMPLE NO. <u>101.2</u>	LOCATION <u>Borrow, D-20, 1+75</u>	DEPTH <u>2-7'</u>
----------------------------------	---------------------------------------	----------------------

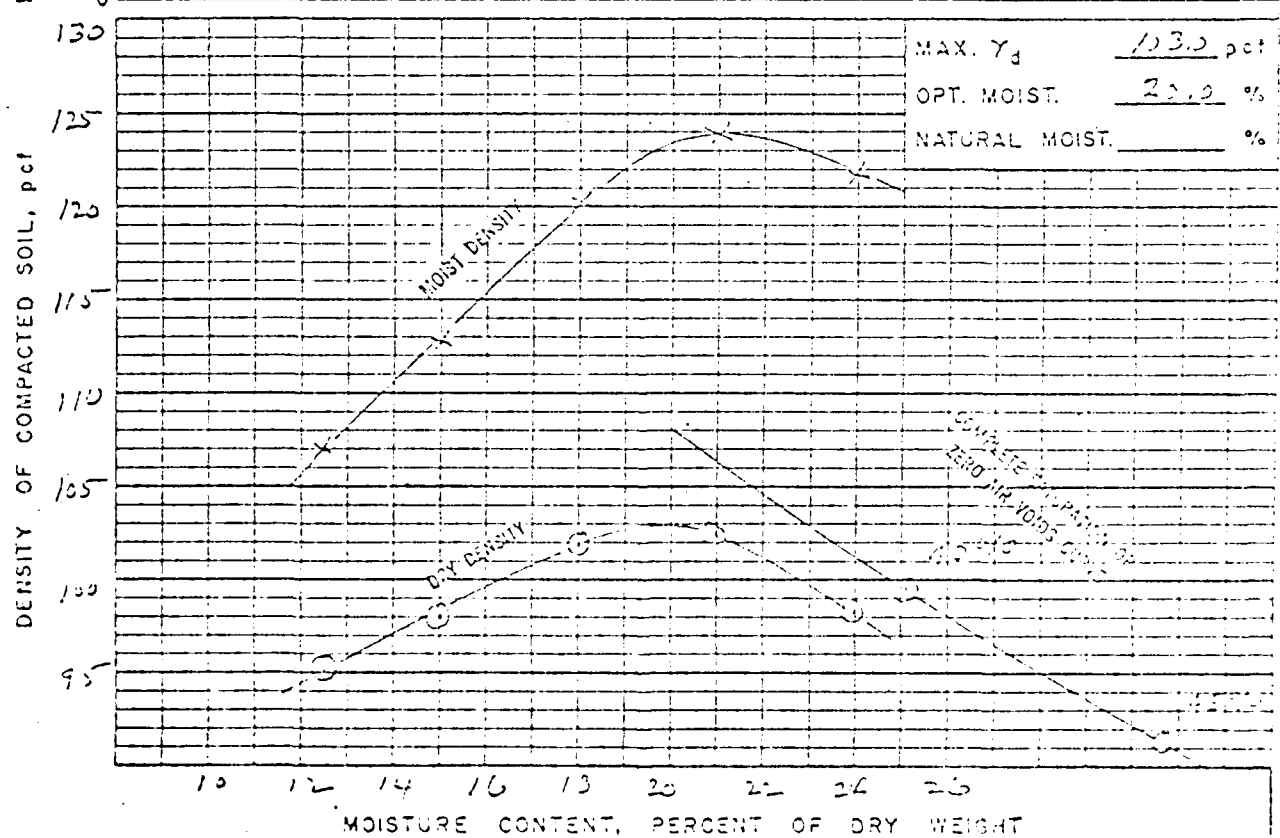
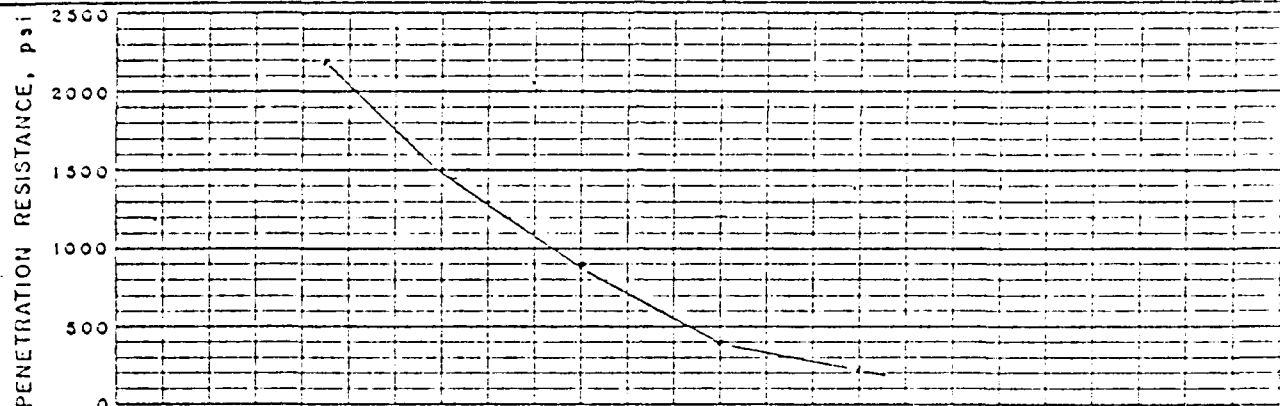
GEOLOGIC ORIGIN	TESTED AT <u>SMC - LINCOLN</u>	APPROVED BY <u>F.E.S.</u>	DATE <u>8/2/77</u>
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CLASSIFICATION: CL LL 47 PI 25 CURVE NO. 1 OF 6

MAX. PARTICLE SIZE INCLUDED IN TEST: 4#4 STD. (ASTM D-698) ☒ METHOD 2

SPECIFIC GRAVITY (G_s): MINUS NO. 4 2.66 MOD. (ASTM D-1557) ☐ METHOD

PLUS NO. 4 OTHER TEST ☐ (SEE REMARKS)



MAX. γ_d 103.0 pcf
 OPT. MOIST. 20.0 %
 NATURAL MOIST. %

REMARKS:

PLATE C-23

MATERIALS S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE **COMPACTION AND**
TESTING REPORT SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE **PENETRATION RESISTANCE**

PROJECT AND STATE 102 River Tributaries # C-5, Missouri

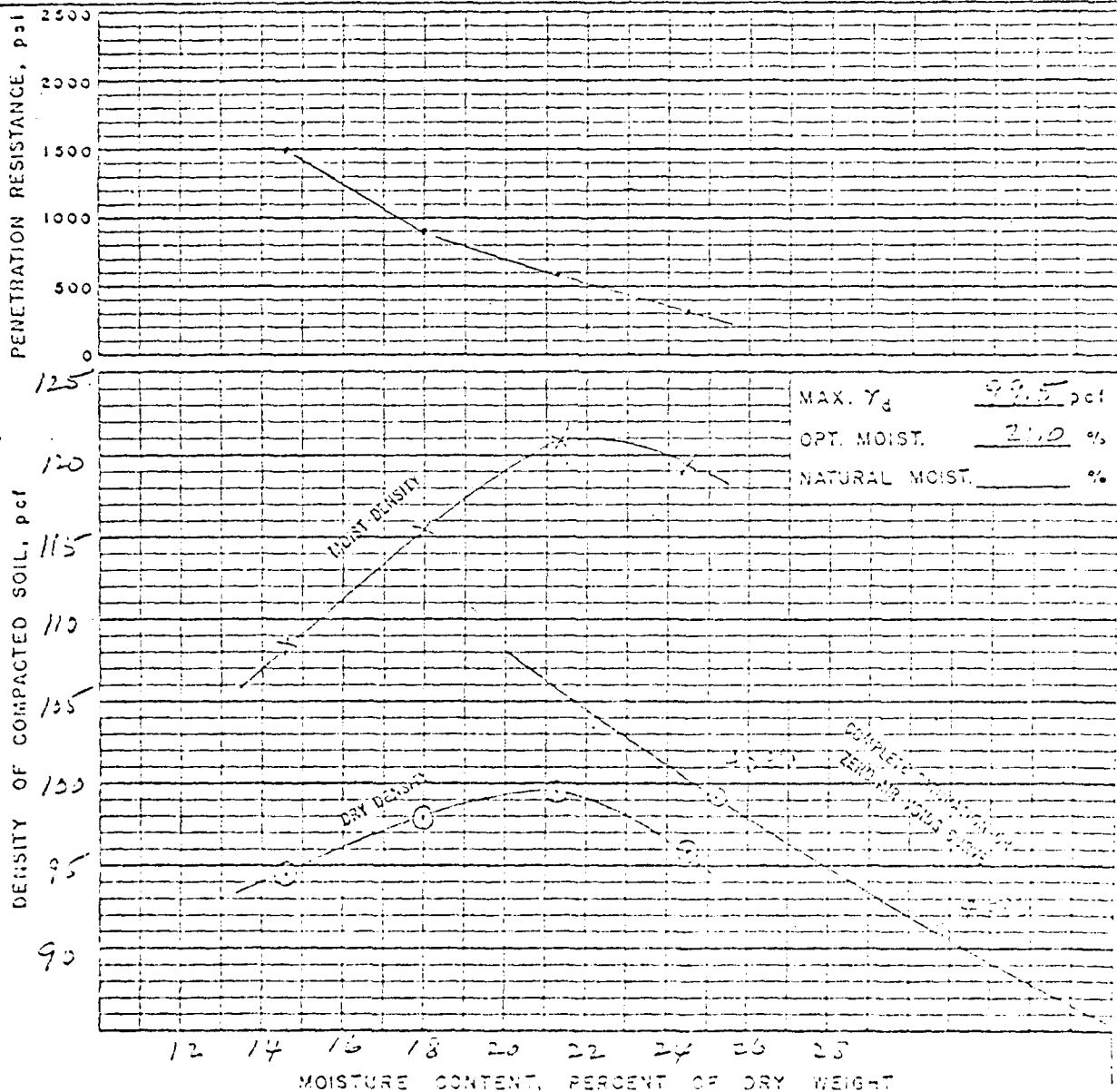
FIELD SAMPLE NO. 103.1 LOCATION Box row. 2400. 6400. DEPTH 0-2'

GEOLOGIC ORIGIN _____ TESTED AT SML-LINCOLN APPROVED BY CZB DATE 2/2/58

CLASSIFICATION CL LL 49 PI 31 CURVE NO. 2 OF 1

MAX. PARTICLE SIZE INCLUDED IN TEST 4#4 " STD. (ASTM D-698) ☒; METHOD 2

SPECIFIC GRAVITY (G_s) { MINUS NO. 4 2.65 MOD. (ASTM D-1557) ☐; METHOD _____
PLUS NO. 4 _____ OTHER TEST ☐ (SEE REMARKS)



REMARKS _____

PLATE C-24

MATERIALS TESTING REPORT **U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE** **COMPACTION AND PENETRATION RESISTANCE**

PROJECT AND STATE

132 - River Tributaries # C-5, Missouri

FIELD SAMPLE NO.

133.2

LOCATION

Borrow 2400' 6+00

DEPTH

3-4'

GEOLOGIC ORIGIN

TESTED AT

SML-LINCOLN

APPROVED BY

372

DATE

8/2/57

CLASSIFICATION

ML

LL

41

PI

15

CURVE NO.

3

OF

6

MAX. PARTICLE SIZE INCLUDED IN TEST

2#4

STD. (ASTM D-698) ☒ METHOD B

SPECIFIC GRAVITY (G_s)

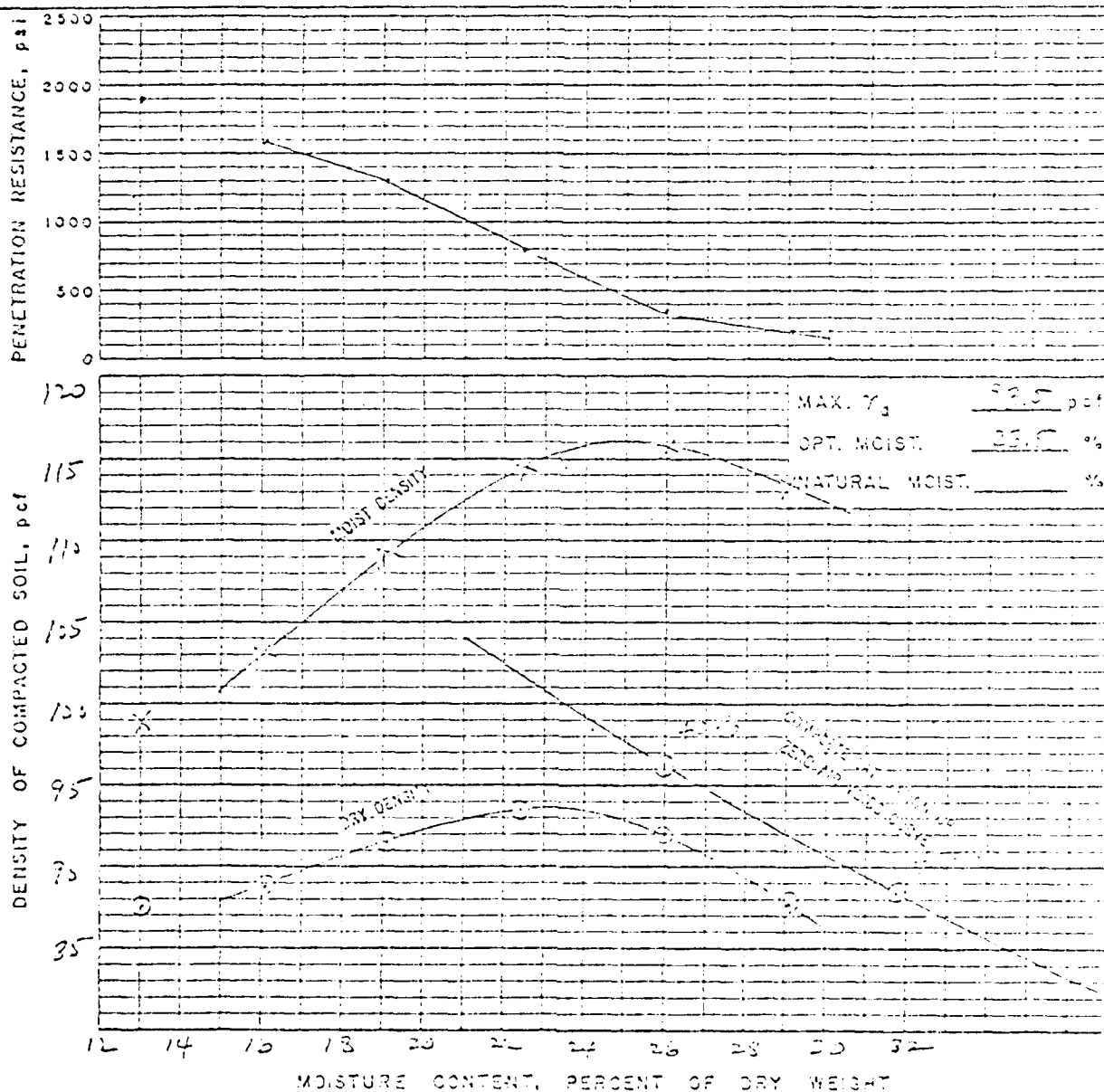
MINUS NO. 4

2.57

MOD. (ASTM D-1557) ☐ METHOD

PLUS NO. 4

OTHER TEST ☐ (SEE REMARKS)



REMARKS

MATERIALS U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
TESTING REPORT SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE **COMPACTION AND PENETRATION RESISTANCE**

PROJECT IN STATE 122 River Tributaries - C-5, Missouri

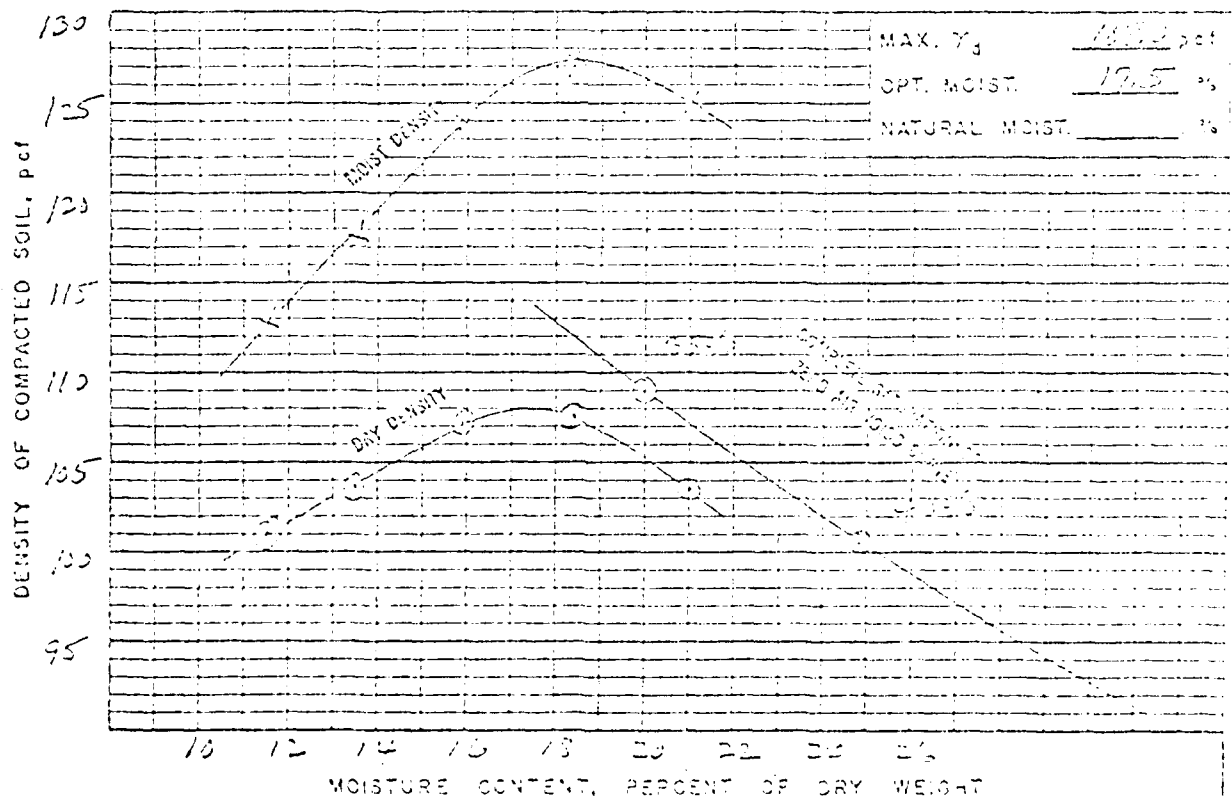
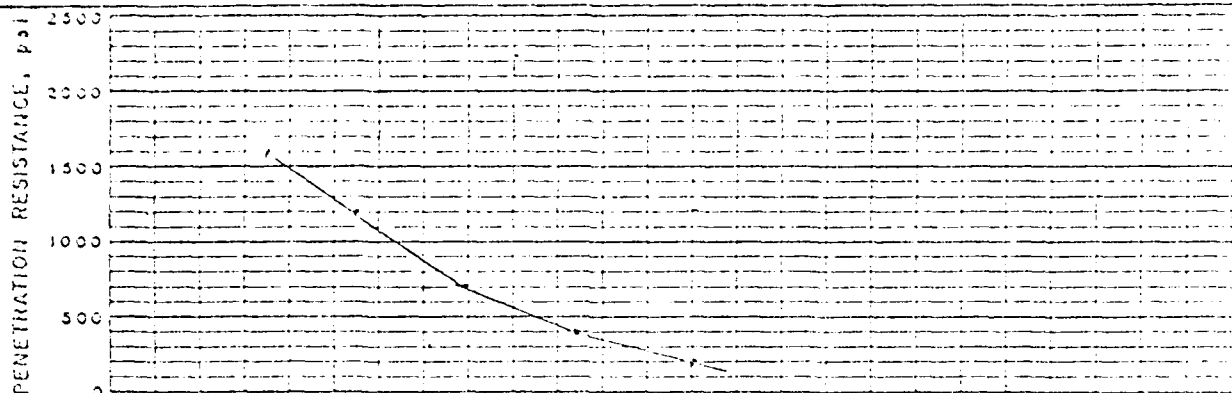
FIELD SAMPLE NO. 10-2 LOCATION Bottom of E-400, 2+70 DEPTH 2-3'

GEOLOGIC ORIGIN _____ TESTED AT SML-244324 APPROVED BY 072 DATE 8/2/72

CLASSIFICATION CL LL 39 PI 23 CURVE NO. 41 OF 6

MAX. PARTICLE SIZE INCLUDED IN TEST 4.75 STD. (ASTM D-698) ☒ METHOD 5

SPECIFIC GRAVITY (G_s) { MINUS NO. 4 2.68 MOD. (ASTM D-1557) ☐ METHOD _____
PLUS NO. 4 _____ OTHER TEST ☐ (SEE REMARKS)



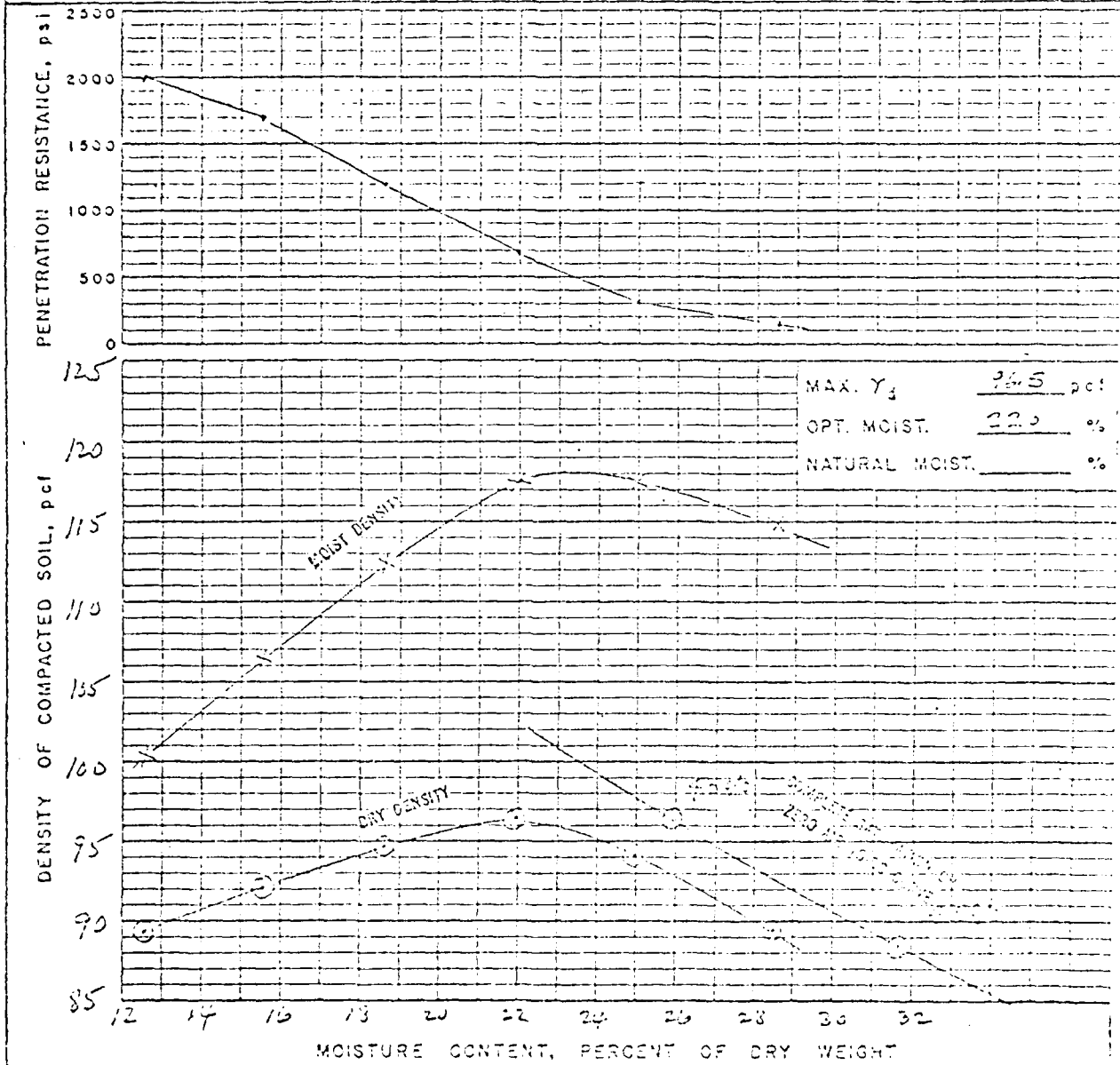
MAX. γ_d 128.2 pcf
OPT. MOIST. 17.5 %
NATURAL MOIST. _____ %

REMARKS _____
PLATE 0-25

MATERIALS TESTING REPORT	U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE	COMPACTION AND PENETRATION RESISTANCE
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PROJECT AND STATE <u>102 River Tributaries #2-5 Missouri</u>		
FIELD SAMPLE NO. <u>135.1</u>	LOCATION <u>Barrows C+75 11+75</u>	DEPTH <u>0-2'</u>
GEOLOGIC ORIGIN	TESTED AT <u>SML-LINCOLN</u>	APPROVED BY <u>B. R.</u>
		DATE <u>2/2/72</u>

CLASSIFICATION <u>ML</u> LL <u>40</u> PI <u>14</u>	CURVE NO. <u>5</u> OF <u>6</u>
MAX. PARTICLE SIZE INCLUDED IN TEST <u>2.5</u> "	STD. (ASTM D-698) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> METHOD <u>A</u>
SPECIFIC GRAVITY (G_s) {	MOD. (ASTM D-1557) <input type="checkbox"/> METHOD
	OTHER TEST <input type="checkbox"/> (SEE REMARKS)
MINUS NO. 4 <u>2.58</u>	
PLUS NO. 4	



REMARKS	PLATE C-27
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MATERIALS TESTING REPORT U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE **COMPACTION AND PENETRATION RESISTANCE**

PROJECT OR STATE 157 River Tributaries FC-5, Mississippi

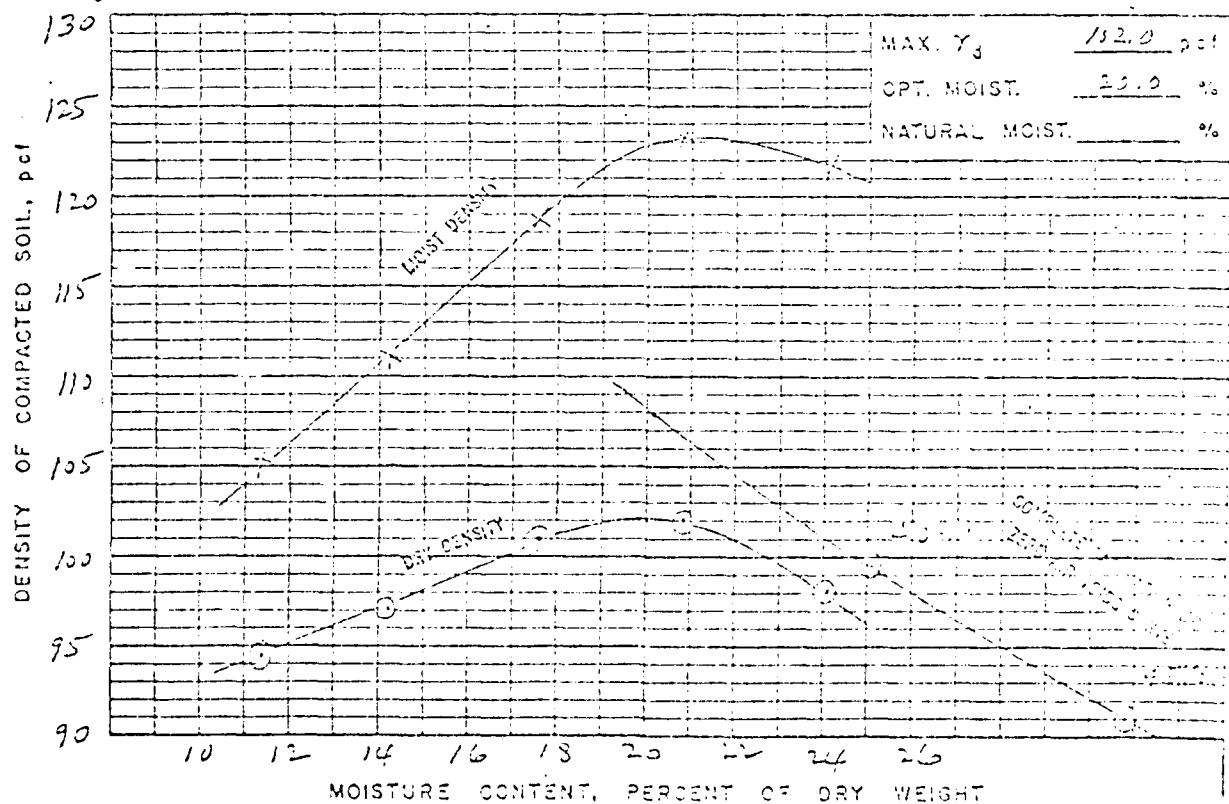
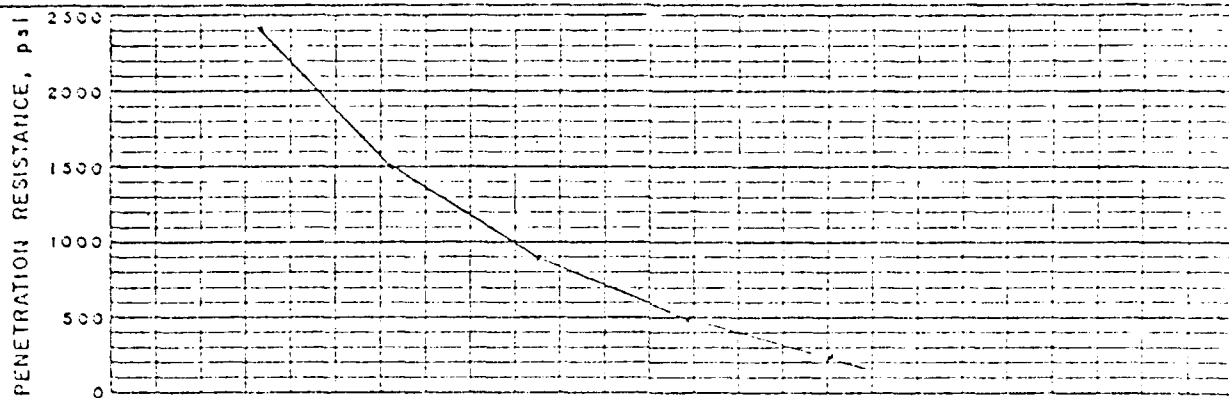
FIELD SAMPLE NO. 135.2 LOCATION Barrow, C+75, 11+75 DEPTH 4-7'

GEOLOGIC ORIGIN _____ TESTED AT SML-LINCOLN APPROVED BY BZB DATE 2/2/72

CLASSIFICATION CL LL 47 PI 24 CURVE NO. 6 OF 6

MAX. PARTICLE SIZE INCLUDED IN TEST 2# 4" STD (ASTM D-698) ☒ METHOD A

SPECIFIC GRAVITY (G_s) { MINUS NO. 4 2.65 MOD. (ASTM D-1557) ☐ METHOD _____
PLUS NO. 4 _____ OTHER TEST ☐ (SEE REMARKS)



MAX. γ_d 132.0 pcf
OPT. MOIST. 20.0 %
NATURAL MOIST. _____ %

REMARKS _____ PLATE C-20

MATERIALS TESTING REPORT		U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE		SUMMARY - SLOPE STABILITY ANALYSIS			
PROJECT AND STATE 102 RIVER TRIBUTARIES #C-5 MISSOURI				DATE 2-3-72			
METHOD OF ANALYSIS SWEDISH CIRCLE				ANALYZED AT S. M. L. LINCOLN, NE			
APPROVED BY							
SOURCE AND USE OF MATERIALS	CLASSIFICATION	ADOPTED DESIGN DATA					REMARKS
		γ_d (pcf)	γ_m (pcf)	γ_{sub} (pcf)	ϕ (deg)	$\tan \phi$	
① Foundation	CL	88.8	117.0	54.5	13	.231	525
② Embankment	ML	88.4	109.0	116.5	17.5	.315	275
③							
④							
⑤							
⑥							
⑦							
⑧							
TRIAL NO.	SLOPE	CONDITIONS					F_s
10p	2 1/2:1	Upstream - Full draw down					1.29
11p	2 1/2:1	Max Sect. @ Station 4+65					1.41
20p	2 1/2:1	Emb. (17.5°-275) & 25' Foun. (13°-525) - 10' berm @ elev. 1051.0.					1.39
30p	2 1/2:1	Emb. (17.5°-275) & 25' Foun. (13°-525) - 10' berm @ elev. 1051.0.					1.44
	2 1/2:1	Emb. (17.5°-275) & 25' Foun. (13°-525) - 10' berm @ elev. 1043.0.					1.44
	2 1/2:1	Emb. (17.5°-275) & 25' Foun. (13°-525) - 10' berm @ elev. 1043.0.					1.44
		Drain @ 1/4" = 1/4"					
Stability Analysis by computer (CICES) (only weak test also shown on sketch)							

RTSC-FW-ENG-42

6-70

(File Code ENG-22)

State: Missouri	Project: 102 River Trail	Site: C-5	Determination of s and Probable Joint Gaps
Sta. <u>5+55</u>	H = <u>24'</u> ft.	d = <u>30'</u> ft.	B = <u>160'</u> ft.
δ = <u>0.6</u> ft.	ϕ = <u>13</u> deg.	c = <u>525</u> psf	
P = _____ psf	$P = H \gamma_m =$ <u>2800</u> psf	$\gamma_m =$ <u>116.5</u>	

Determination of s

$$\bar{p} = \frac{H}{2} \gamma_m + \gamma \cdot \gamma_b = \left(\frac{24}{2} \right) (116.5) = 1400$$

$$+ () () = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$\bar{p} = 1400 \text{ psf}$$

$$\text{Then, } \sigma_3 = 2/3 \bar{p} = 933 \text{ psf}$$

$$\sigma_1 = \frac{2c}{\tan(45^\circ - \phi/2)} + \frac{\sigma_3}{\tan^2(45^\circ - \phi/2)}$$

$$= \frac{2(525)}{\tan(79.54^\circ)} + \frac{933}{\tan^2(63.27^\circ)} = 1320 + 1470 = 2790 \text{ psf}$$

$$s = \frac{\sigma_1 - \sigma_3}{2} = \frac{(2790) - (933)}{2} = \frac{1857}{2} = 928 \text{ psf}$$

Joint Gap

$$B/d = (160)/(30) = 5.34 \quad R_1 = 0.32$$

$$B/H = (160)/(24) = 6.67$$

$$R_2 = \frac{2cd}{sB} + 0.1 = \frac{2(2800)(30)}{(928)(160)} + 0.1$$

$$= 1.13 + 0.1 = 1.23$$

$$\epsilon_{hm} = R_1 \cdot R_2 \cdot \delta/d = (0.32)(1.23)(0.02) = 0.00785 \text{ ft./ft.}$$

$$g_s = \epsilon_{hm} \cdot 12 \cdot L = () (12) () = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ in.}$$

$$g_r = \frac{2.5 D_o \delta}{B} = 2.5 () () = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \text{ in.}$$

$$J = g_s + g_r + F.S. = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + F.S.$$

$$= \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + F.S.$$

PLATE C-31

10-59

DETAILED GEOLOGIC INVESTIGATION OF DAM SITES

GENERAL

to Missouri County Nodaway ; NW $\frac{1}{4}$ Sec. 29, T 65N R 35W ; Watershed 102 River Tributary
Subwatershed Fund class 08-3 Site number C-5 Site group I Structure class b
(FP-2, WP-1, etc.)
Investigated by [Signature] Equipment used Failing 1500 Date 3/28/72
(signature and title) (Type, size, make, model, etc.)

SITE DATA

Drainage area size 2.02 sq. mi., 1293 acres. Type of structure DI Purpose FWR
Direction of valley trend (downstream) E Maximum height of fill 35.1 feet. Length of fill 825 feet
Estimated volume of compacted fill required 38,000 yards

STORAGE ALLOCATION

	Volume (ac. ft.)	Surface Area (acres)	Depth at Dam (feet)
Sediment	<u>150</u>	<u>22.8</u>	<u>21.0</u>
Floodwater	<u>360</u>	<u>35.0</u>	<u>30.6</u>

SURFACE GEOLOGY AND PHYSIOGRAPHY

Physiographic description Disected Till Plain, Topography Rolling, Attitude of beds: Dip - Strike -
Steepness of abutments: Left 8 percent; Right 13 percent. Width of floodplain at centerline of dam 0 feet
General geology of site: The site is located in National Soil Resource Area 109, The Iowa and
Missouri Heavy Till Plain. The Kansan Till is a stiff silty clay with approxi-
mately 30 to 35 percent clay and 25 to 30 percent coarse material which is
chiefly sand and gravel size. Cobbles may be encountered but boulder size rocks
are rarely found. The depth to bedrock was not determined.

DETAILED GEOLOGIC INVESTIGATION OF DAM SITES

FEATURE centerline dam, principal spillway, emergency spillway, stream channel, borrow area
(CENTERLINE OF DAM, PRINCIPAL SPILLWAY, EMERGENCY SPILLWAY, THE STREAM CHANNEL, INVESTIGATIONS FOR DRAINAGE
OF STRUCTURE, BORROW AREA, RESERVOIR BASIN, ETC.)

DRILLING PROGRAM

EQUIPMENT USED	NUMBER OF HOLES		NUMBER OF SAMPLES TAKEN		
	EXPLORATION	SAMPLING	UNDISTURBED (STATE TYPE)	LARGE DISTURBED	SMALL
5 1/2" slat auger	8	6	shelby	10 bag	
Std. split tube		1			5 jar
Hand auger	3				
TOTAL	11	7	1	10	5

SUMMARY OF FINDINGS
(INCLUDE ONLY FACTUAL DATA)

The upper abutments and the emergency spillway area is stiff silty clay till which also underlies the alluvial material of the lower slopes of the abutments and across the valley floor. The alluvial soil and underlying material is silty clay classified as firm to stiff. Sandy material classified as SC was encountered in test hole 6 and occurs from 23 to 36 feet. This is interpreted as a sand pocket in the clay till. The stiff alluvium forms the foundation of the principal spillway. The borrow material will be available below the crest elevation of the principal spillway and sufficient quantities will be available within easy haul distance of the dam.

DETAILED GEOLOGIC INVESTIGATION OF DAM SITES

WATERSHED 102 River Tribs.		SUBWATERSHED		COUNTY Nodaway	STATE Missouri
SITE NO. C-5	SITE GROUP I	STRUCTURE CLASS b		INVESTIGATED BY: (SIGNATURE OF GEOLOGIST) <i>Michael E. Johnson</i>	DATE 3/28/72

INTERPRETATIONS AND CONCLUSIONS

Foundation

Foundation materials are generally similar across the valley floor and strength appeared adequate for the proposed dam.

Principal Spillway

Foundation materials are uniform along the centerline. Strength appeared adequate; however, since a concrete pipe is to be used an undisturbed sample was taken.

Emergency Spillway

The emergency spillway cuts will be into till. Samples were not taken. Placement of the material should be similar to sample 104.2.

Channel

The channel in the foundation is constructed. Channel deposits are silts with some accumulation of iron concretion in the size up to fine gravel. Deposits are subject to seasonal changes.

Borrow

There is adequate borrow available mostly from the alluvial soil classified ML in the surface and CL below. Some till will be available in the area of test hole 104.

Engineer's Report
Foundation Investigation
Structure C-5
102 River Tributaries Watershed

April 17, 1972

Recommended Core Trench Depth

The following are the recommended depths for the core trench:

Sta.	Elev.
3+00	1054.5
3+50	1047.0
4+00	1043.0
5+00	1037.0
6+00	1035.0
6+50	1027.0
6+75	1027.0
7+15	1039.6
8+00	1043.0
8+50	1047.0
9+00	1055.0

The above recommended core depths should provide a near positive cutoff and foundation drainage should not be necessary.

Stream Channel Cleanout

The recent channel fill varies from one-half ($\frac{1}{2}$) foot to one and one-half ($1\frac{1}{2}$) foot. Stream channel cleanout beyond the work necessary to strip the area should not be needed. Additional bank sloping will not be required along the stream channel.

Use of Material From Required Excavations

The materials from the required structure and core trench excavations will need to be either stock-piled for future use or wasted during the excavation operation. The material from the emergency spillway should be classified as borrow and used in the earth fill for the dam and back fill of the other excavation areas.

Borrow

Adequate borrow will be available below the principal^{a/} spillway elevation within the pool area. There is a good supply of ML material which should be placed on the outer shell of the dam. This will facilitate vegetation establishment and reduce possible shrink-swell problems of the CL material. It will not be necessary to designate a zone fill. The above suggested placement can be controlled by the engineer.

Page 2

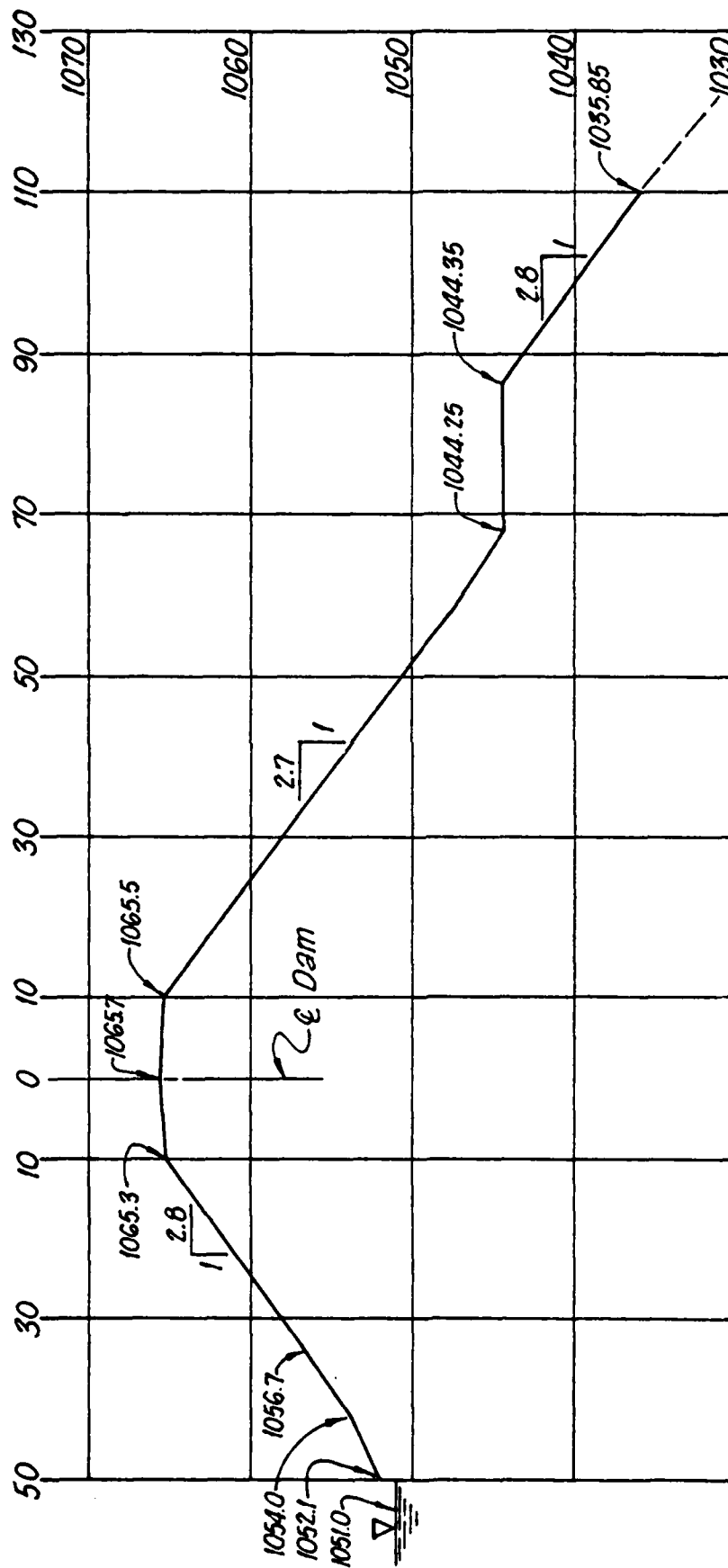
Special Conditions

The only special condition that I am aware of at the present time is a tile drain outlet which crosses through the foundation of the dam and outletting approximately 70' downstream from the centerline. I would recommend that this drain be completely removed throughout the foundation area and the trench be back filled with compacted earth fill.

Princip^a~~le~~ Spillway

The princip^a~~le~~ spillway is designed to be located at centerline of the dam, STA 5+55 and will be constructed from 36" diameter reinforced concrete pipe.


Harold B. Townsend, Jr.
Project Engineer



SECTION AT *STA. 7+00

Scale: 1" = 20' H.

1" = 10' V.

* Inspection Teams Stationing

APPENDIX D
HYDRAULIC AND HYDROLOGIC DATA

HYDROLOGIC COMPUTATIONS

1. The SCS dimensionless unit hydrograph and the systemized computer program HEC-1 (Dam Safety Version), July 1978, prepared by the Hydrologic Engineering Center, U.S. Corps of Engineers, Davis, California, were used to develop the inflow hydrographs (see this Section).
 - a. Twenty-four hour, 100-year rainfall for the dam location was taken from the data for the rainfall station at Maryville, MO., as supplied by the St. Louis District, Corps of Engineers per their letter dated 6 March 1979. The twenty-four hour probable maximum precipitation was taken from the curves of Hydrometeorological Report No. 33 and current Corps of Engineers and St. Louis policy and guidance for hydraulics and hydrology.
 - b. Drainage area = 2.18 square miles (1398 acres).
 - c. Time of concentration of runoff = 47 minutes (computed from "Kirpich" formula).
 - d. The antecedent storm conditions for the probable maximum precipitation were heavy rainfall and low temperatures which occurred on the previous 5 days (SCS AMC III). The antecedent storm conditions for the 100-year precipitation were an average of the conditions which have preceded the occurrence of the maximum annual flood on numerous watersheds (SCS AMC II). The initial pool elevation was assumed at the orifice opening of the riser.
 - e. The total twenty-four hour storm duration losses for the 100-year storm were 2.64 inches. The total losses for the PMF storm were 1.44 inches. These data are based on SCS runoff curve No. 89 and No. 77 for antecedent moisture conditions SCS AMC III and AMC II respectively. The watershed is composed of primarily SCS soil group B (Sharpsburg-Adair-Shelby-Colo soils) and consists mostly of alfalfa and grass with some cropland planted on the contour.
 - f. Average soil loss rate = 0.06 inch per hour approximately (for PMF storm, AMC III).
2. The discharge ratings for the principal spillway were developed using equations for orifice, weir, and full conduit flow. They are as follows:

a. Orifice flow equation ($Q = CA\sqrt{2gH}$)
 where C = orifice coefficient = 0.6
 A = area of opening, $\text{ft}^2 = 4.0$
 H = total head, ft.

b. Weir flow equation ($Q_w = CLH^{1.5}$)
 where C = weir coefficient = 3.1
 L = length of weir, ft. = 16.33
 H = total head, ft.

c. Full conduit flow equation

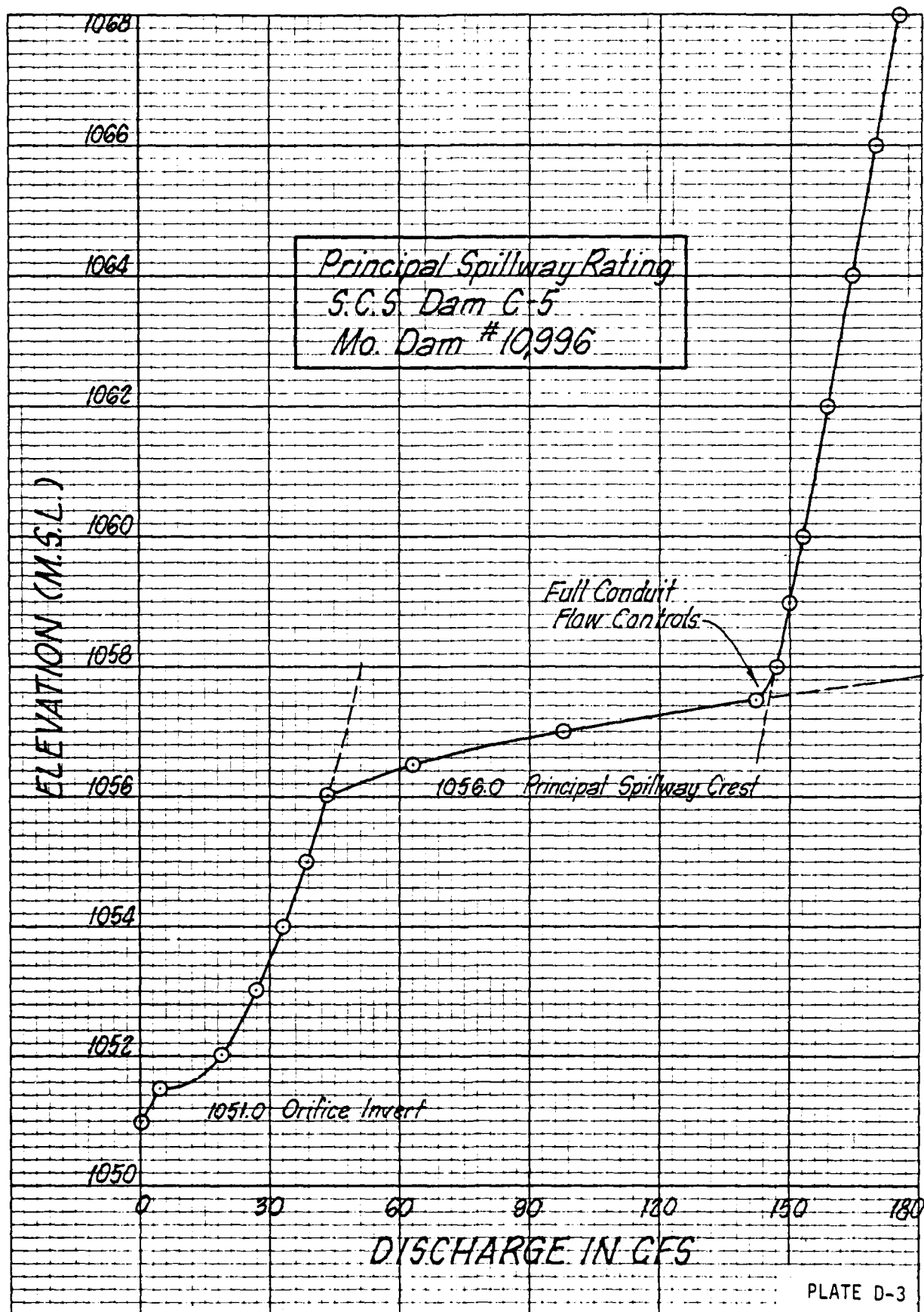
$$Q = a \sqrt{\frac{2gH}{1 + K_e + K_b + K_p L}}$$

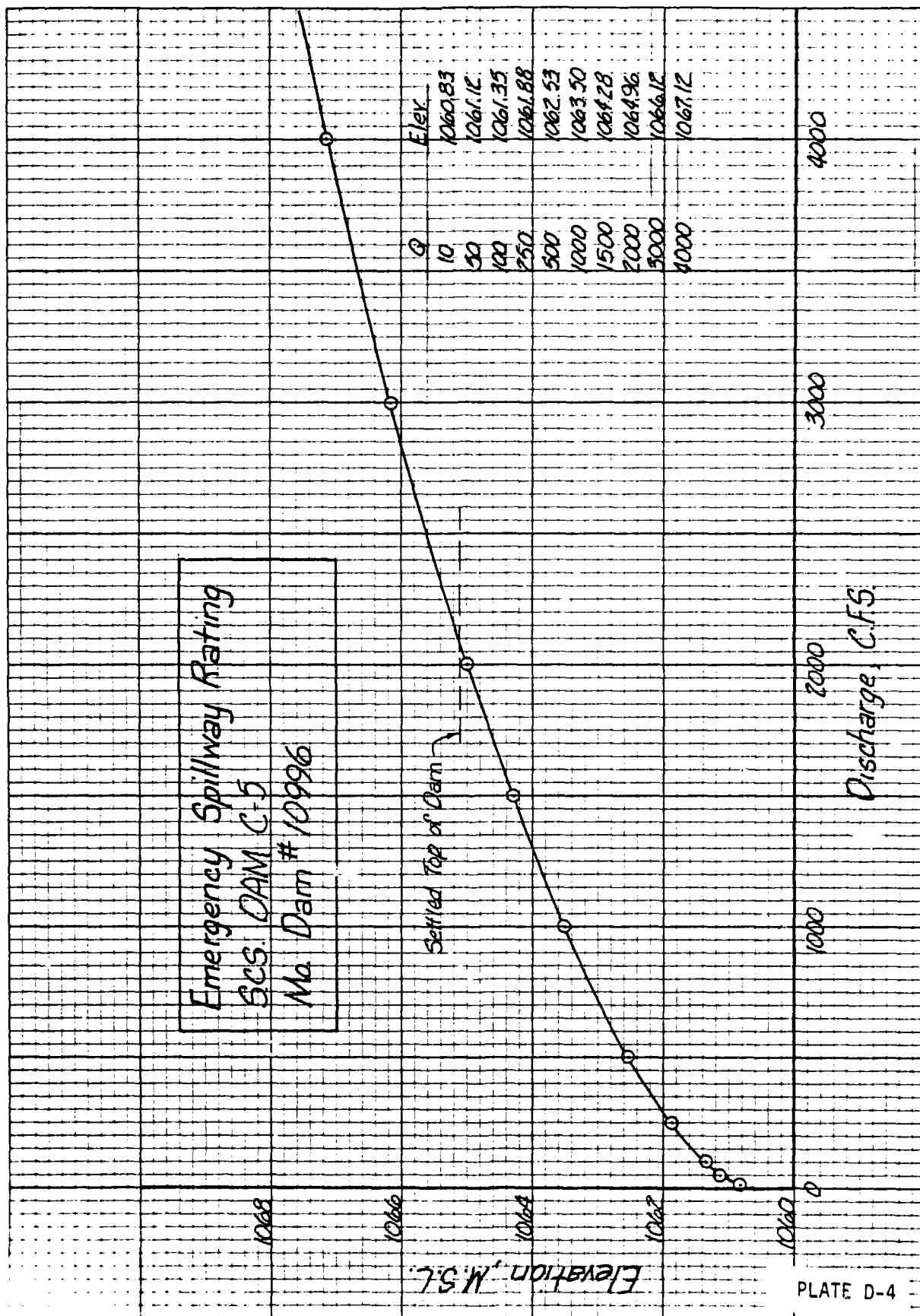
where a = cross-sectional area of pipe, $\text{ft}^2 = 7.07$
 H = total head, ft.
 K_e = coefficient for entrance loss = 0.5
 K_b = coefficient for bend loss = 0.45
 K_p = coefficient for pipe friction loss = 0.00963
 L = length of pipe, ft. = 176

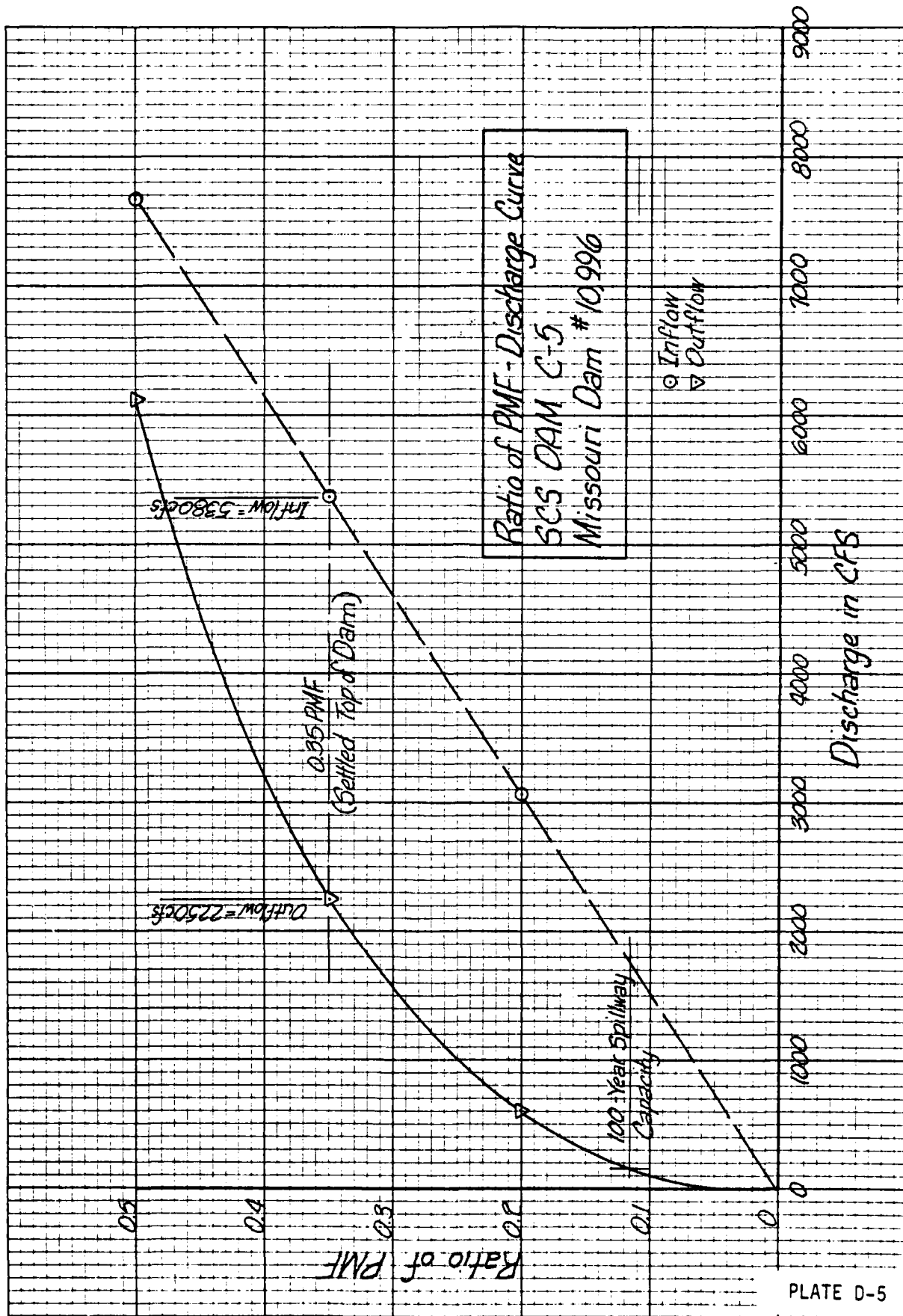
The emergency spillway discharge rating was developed using the Corps of Engineers Surface Water Profile HEC-2 computer program.

The flows over the dam crest were developed using the HEC-1 (Dam Safety Version) program with a discharge coefficient of 3.0 and a value of 1.5 for the exponent of head.

3. Floods were routed through the reservoir using the HEC-1 (Dam Safety Version) program to determine the capabilities of the spillway and dam embankment crest. The output and plotted hydrographs are shown in this Section.







[illegible]

 FLOOD HYDROGRAPH PACKAGE (HEC-1)
 DAM SAFETY VERSION JULY 1978
 LAST MODIFICATION 26 FEB 79

RUN DATE= 7/96/79
 TIME= 16.06.27.

PMF Output Data

ANALYSIS OF DAM OVERTOPPING USING RATIOS OF PMF
 HYDROLOGIC-HYDRAULIC ANALYSIS OF SAFETY OF SCS STRUCTURE C-5-10296
 RATIOS OF PMF ROUTED THROUGH THE RESERVOIR

NO	NHR	NMIN	IDAY	JHR	IMIN	METRC	IPLT	IPRT	NSTAN
288	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	3	0
JUPER NMI LRUPI TRACE									
		5		0	0	0			

MULTI-PLAN ANALYSES TO BE PERFORMED

RATIO= :20 :35 :50 :65 :80 :100
 NPLAN= 1 NRTIO= 6 LRTIO= 1

***** SUB-AREA RUNOFF COMPUTATION *****

CALCULATION OF INFLOW HYDROGRAPH TO 10996 KES

ISTAQ	ICOMP	IECON	ITAPE	JPLT	JPRT	INAME	ISTAGE	IAUTO
000001	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0

HYDROGRAPH DATA

INVOG	IUHG	TAREA	SNAP	TRSDA	TRSPC	RATIO	ISNOW	ISAME	LOCAL
1	2	2.19	0.00	2.19	1.00	0.000	0	1	0

PRECIP DATA

SPFE	PMS	R6	R12	R24	R48	R72	R96
0.00	23.70	102.00	121.00	130.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

LOSS DATA

LROPT	STKR	DLTKR	RTIOL	ERAIN	STRSK	RTIOK	SIRTL	CNSTL	ALSMX	RTIMP
0	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	-89.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

CURVE NO = -89.00 WETNESS = -1.00 EFFECT CN = 89.00

UNIT HYDROGRAPH DATA

TC= 0.00 LAG= .47

RECESSION DATA

STMTQ= 0.00 ORCSN= -.01 RTIGR= 1.00

UNIT	HYDROGRAPH	30	END	OF	PERIOD	ORDINATES,	TC=	0.00	HOURS,	LAG=	.47	VOL=	1.00
151.	451.	922.	1517.	1924.	2049.	1990.	1770.	1479.	1105.				
823.	630.	494.	381.	288.	222.	171.	131.	100.	77.				
59.	46.	35.	27.	21.	17.	13.	9.	6.	3.				

	PEAK	6-HOUR	24-HOUR	72-HOUR	TOTAL VOLUME
CFS	7685.	2756.	859.	859.	247272.
CMS	218.	78.	24.	24.	7302.
INCHES		11.73	14.62	14.62	14.62
MM		298.05	371.38	371.38	371.38
AC-FT		1387.	1703.	1703.	1703.
THOUS CU M		1686.	2101.	2101.	2101.

HYDROGRAPH AT STA000001 FOR PLAN 1, RTIU 4

	PEAK	6-HOUR	24-HOUR	72-HOUR	TOTAL VOLUME
CFS	9990.	3583.	1116.	1116.	321453.
CMS	281.	101.	32.	32.	9103.
INCHES		15.25	19.01	19.01	19.01
MM		307.47	482.79	482.79	482.79
AC-FT		1777.	2214.	2214.	2214.
THOUS CU M		2192.	2731.	2731.	2731.

HYDROGRAPH AT STA000001 FOR PLAN 1, RTIU 5

	PEAK	6-HOUR	24-HOUR	72-HOUR	TOTAL VOLUME
CFS	12296.	4410.	1374.	1374.	395635.
CMS	358.	125.	39.	39.	11202.
INCHES		18.77	23.39	23.39	23.39
MM		476.88	594.20	594.20	594.20
AC-FT		2187.	2725.	2725.	2725.
THOUS CU M		2697.	3361.	3361.	3361.

HYDROGRAPH AT STA000001 FOR PLAN 1, RTIU 6

	PEAK	6-HOUR	24-HOUR	72-HOUR	TOTAL VOLUME
CFS	15370.	5512.	1717.	1717.	494544.
CMS	435.	156.	49.	49.	14004.
INCHES		23.47	29.24	29.24	29.24
MM		596.10	742.76	742.76	742.76
AC-FT		2733.	3406.	3406.	3406.
THOUS CU M		3372.	4201.	4201.	4201.

HYDROGRAPH ROUTING

ROUTED FLOWS THRU 10996 RES

ISTAQ	ICOMP	IECON	ITAPE	JPLT	JPRT	INAME	ISTAGE	FAUTO
000002	1	0	0	2	0	1	0	0
QLUSS	CLOSS	AVG	IRCS	ISAME	IOPT	IPMP	LSTR	
0.0	0.000	0.00	1	1	0	0	0	
NSIPS	NSIDL	LAG	AMSK	X	ISK	STURA	ISPRAT	

PLATE D-10

840. 836. 831. 827. 823. 819. 816. 812. 809. 806.
 803. 797. 794. 792. 791. 789. 787. 785. 782. 790.
 778. 775. 771. 770. 768. 767. 765. 764.
 763. 760. 759. 758. 756. 755. 754. 753.
 752. 751. 749. 748. 747. 746.

STAGE

1051.0 1051.0 1051.0 1051.0 1051.0 1051.0 1051.0 1051.0 1051.0 1051.0
 1051.0 1051.0 1051.0 1051.0 1051.0 1051.0 1051.0 1051.0 1051.0 1051.0
 1051.0 1051.0 1051.0 1051.0 1051.0 1051.0 1051.0 1051.0 1051.0 1051.0
 1051.0 1051.0 1051.0 1051.0 1051.0 1051.0 1051.0 1051.0 1051.0 1051.0
 1051.1 1051.1 1051.1 1051.1 1051.1 1051.1 1051.1 1051.1 1051.1 1051.1
 1051.2 1051.2 1051.2 1051.2 1051.2 1051.2 1051.2 1051.2 1051.2 1051.2
 1051.2 1051.2 1051.3 1051.3 1051.3 1051.3 1051.3 1051.3 1051.4 1051.4
 1051.5 1051.5 1051.6 1051.6 1051.7 1051.8 1051.8 1051.9 1052.0 1052.0
 1052.1 1052.2 1052.3 1052.4 1052.5 1052.6 1052.7 1052.8 1052.8 1052.8
 1052.9 1052.9 1053.0 1053.1 1053.2 1053.3 1053.4 1053.5 1053.6 1053.6
 1053.6 1053.7 1053.8 1053.9 1054.0 1054.1 1054.2 1054.3 1054.4 1054.4
 1054.4 1054.5 1054.6 1054.7 1054.8 1054.9 1055.0 1055.1 1055.1 1055.1
 1055.2 1055.3 1055.4 1055.5 1055.6 1055.7 1055.8 1055.9 1055.9 1055.9
 1056.0 1056.1 1056.2 1056.3 1056.4 1056.5 1056.6 1056.7 1056.7 1056.7
 1056.9 1057.0 1057.1 1057.2 1057.3 1057.4 1057.5 1057.6 1057.7 1057.7
 1058.7 1058.9 1059.1 1059.4 1059.6 1059.8 1060.0 1060.3 1060.5 1060.7
 1060.9 1061.2 1061.4 1061.6 1061.9 1062.1 1062.3 1062.5 1062.6 1062.8
 1063.0 1063.2 1063.3 1063.5 1063.6 1063.8 1063.9 1064.2 1064.4 1064.8
 1065.2 1065.6 1066.0 1066.1 1066.2 1066.2 1066.1 1066.1 1066.0 1065.9
 1065.8 1065.7 1065.6 1065.6 1065.5 1065.5 1065.4 1065.4 1065.3 1065.3
 1065.3 1065.2 1065.2 1065.2 1065.1 1065.1 1065.1 1065.0 1065.0 1065.0
 1064.9 1064.8 1064.7 1064.6 1064.5 1064.4 1064.4 1064.1 1064.0 1064.0
 1063.9 1063.8 1063.6 1063.5 1063.4 1063.3 1063.2 1063.1 1063.0 1063.0
 1062.9 1062.9 1062.8 1062.7 1062.7 1062.6 1062.5 1062.4 1062.4 1062.4
 1062.3 1062.3 1062.3 1062.2 1062.2 1062.1 1062.1 1062.0 1062.0 1062.0
 1062.0 1061.9 1061.9 1061.9 1061.8 1061.8 1061.8 1061.7 1061.7 1061.7
 1061.7 1061.7 1061.6 1061.6 1061.6 1061.6 1061.6 1061.5 1061.5 1061.5
 1061.5 1061.5 1061.5 1061.4 1061.4 1061.4 1061.4 1061.4 1061.5 1061.5

PLAK OUTFLOW IS 6114. AT TIME 16.25 HOURS

PEAK	6-HOUR	24-HOUR	72-HOUR	TOTAL VOLUME
6114.	2175.	622.	622.	179005.
173.	62.	18.	18.	5069.
	9.26	10.58	10.58	
	235.20	268.85	268.85	
	1079.	1233.	1233.	
	1330.	1521.	1521.	

•UWVF•

STATION000002

	0.	1000.	2000.	3000.	4000.	5000.	6000.	7000.	8000.	0.	0.	0.
.05	11											
.10	21											
.15	31											
.20	41											
.25	51											
.30	61											
.35	71											
.40	81											
.45	91											
.50	101											
.55	111											
1.00	121											
1.05	131											
1.10	141											
1.15	151											
1.20	161											
1.25	171											
1.30	181											
1.35	191											
1.40	201											
1.45	211											
1.50	221											
1.55	231											
2.00	241											
2.05	251											
2.10	261											
2.15	271											
2.20	281											
2.25	291											
2.30	301											
2.35	311											
2.40	321											
2.45	331											
2.50	341											
2.55	351											
3.00	361											
3.05	371											
3.10	381											
3.15	391											
3.20	401											
3.25	411											
3.30	421											
3.35	431											
3.40	441											
3.45	451											
3.50	461											
3.55	471											
4.00	481											
4.05	491											
4.10	501											
4.15	511											
4.20	521											
4.25	531											
4.30	541											
4.35	551											
4.40	561											

4.45 571
4.50 581
4.55 591
5.00 601
5.05 611
5.10 621
5.15 631
5.20 641
5.25 651
5.30 661
5.35 671
5.40 681
5.45 691
5.50 701
5.55 711
6.00 7201
6.05 7301
6.10 7401
6.15 7501
6.20 7601
6.25 7701
6.30 7801
6.35 7901
6.40 8001
6.45 8101
6.50 8201
6.55 8301
7.00 8401
7.05 8501
7.10 8601
7.15 8701
7.20 8801
7.25 8901
7.30 9001
7.35 9101
7.40 9201
7.45 9301
7.50 9401
7.55 9501
8.00 9601
8.05 9701
8.10 9801
8.15 9901
8.20 10001
8.25 10101
8.30 10201
8.35 10301
8.40 10401
8.45 10501
8.50 10601
8.55 10701
9.00 10801
9.05 10901
9.10 11001
9.15 11101
9.20 11201
9.25 11301
9.30 11401
9.35 11501
9.40 11601
9.45 11701
9.50 11801

9.551190
10.001200
10.051210
10.101220
10.151230
10.201240
10.251250
10.301260
10.351270
10.401280
10.451290
10.501300
10.551310
11.001320
11.051330
11.101340
11.151350
11.201360
11.251370
11.301380
11.351390
11.401400
11.451410
11.501420
11.551430
12.001440
12.051450
12.101460
12.151470
12.201480
12.251490
12.301500
12.351510
12.401520
12.451530
12.501540
12.551550
13.001560
13.051570
13.101580
13.151590
13.201600
13.251610
13.301620
13.351630
13.401640
13.451650
13.501660
13.551670
14.001680
14.051690
14.101700
14.151710
14.201720
14.251730
14.301740
14.351750
14.401760
14.451770
14.501780
14.551790
15.001800

15.05181
 15.10182
 15.15183
 15.20184
 15.25185
 15.30186
 15.35187
 15.40188
 15.45189
 15.50190
 15.55191
 16.00192
 16.05193
 16.10194
 16.15195
 16.20196
 16.25197
 16.30198
 16.35199
 16.40200
 16.45201
 16.50202
 16.55203
 17.00204
 17.05205
 17.10206
 17.15207
 17.20208
 17.25209
 17.30210
 17.35211
 17.40212
 17.45213
 17.50214
 17.55215
 18.00216
 18.05217
 18.10218
 18.15219
 18.20220
 18.25221
 18.30222
 18.35223
 18.40224
 18.45225
 18.50226
 18.55227
 19.00228
 19.05229
 19.10230
 19.15231
 19.20232
 19.25233
 19.30234
 19.35235
 19.40236
 19.45237
 19.50238
 19.55239
 20.00240
 20.05241
 20.10242

PEAK FLOW AND STORAGE (END OF PERIOD) SUMMARY FOR MULTIPLE PLAN-RATIO ECONOMIC COMPUTATIONS
 FLOWS IN CUBIC FEET PER SECOND (CUBIC METERS PER SECOND)
 AREA IN SQUARE MILES (SQUARE KILOMETERS)

OPERATION	STATION	AREA	PLAN	RATIO	RATIOS APPLIED TO FLOWS					
					RATIO 1	RATIO 2	RATIO 3	RATIO 4	RATIO 5	RATIO 6
					.25	.35	.50	.65	.80	1.00
HYDROGRAPH AT	000001	2.19 (5.66)	1	3074.	5379.	7685.	9990.	12296.	15370.	
				87.051	152.331	217.611	282.901	348.181	435.231	
ADJUSTED TO	000302	2.19 (5.66)	1	608.	2248.	6114.	8936.	11264.	14253.	
				17.201	63.651	173.141	253.031	318.961	403.611	

AD-A105 326

HOSKINS-WESTERN-SONDEREGGER INC LINCOLN NE

F/G 13/13

NATIONAL DAM SAFETY PROGRAM, 102 RIVERS, C-5 DAM (MO 10996), MI--ETC(U)

MAY 79 R S DECKER, G JAMISON, G ULMER

DACW43-79-C-0046

NL

UNCLASSIFIED

2 OF 2

AD-A
104326

END

DATE
FILMED

11-81
DTIC

SUMMARY OF DAM SAFETY ANALYSIS

PLAN 1

INITIAL VALUE SPILLWAY CREST TOP OF DAM
1051.00 1051.00 1065.10
275. 275. 992.
0. 0. 2250.

ELEVATION
STORAGE
OUTFLOW

RATIO OF PMF	MAXIMUM RESERVOIR W.S.ELEV	MAXIMUM DEPTH OVER DAM	MAXIMUM STORAGE AC-FT	MAXIMUM OUTFLOW CFS	DURATION OVER TOP HOURS	TIME OF MAX OUTFLOW HOURS	TIME OF FAILURE HOURS
.20	1062.40	0.00	806.	608.	0.00	18.33	0.00
.35	1065.10	0.00	992.	2248.	0.00	16.75	0.00
.50	1066.19	1.09	1076.	6114.	2.17	16.25	0.00
.65	1066.71	1.61	1119.	8936.	3.08	16.17	0.00
.80	1067.09	1.99	1150.	11264.	4.00	16.17	0.00
1.00	1067.53	2.43	1187.	14253.	4.83	16.17	0.00

**DAT
FILM**